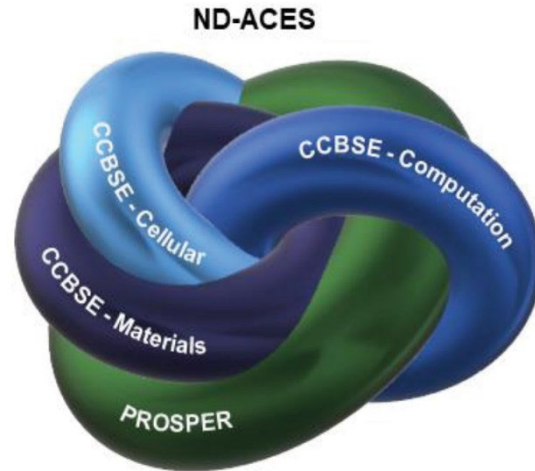


# NSF EPSCoR RII Track-1 Strategic Plan 2020-2025



## ND-ACES: New Discoveries in the Advanced Interface of Computation, Engineering, and Science

National Science Foundation (NSF) Award Number: OIA-1946202  
Prime Institution: North Dakota State University  
Principal Investigator/Project Director: Colleen M. Fitzgerald, Ph.D.  
Jurisdiction/State: North Dakota EPSCoR  
Cooperative Agreement Project Date: July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2025

Original NSF Submission/NSF Approval: September 30, 2020 / October 19, 2020  
• Revision Submission/NSF Approval: June 19, 2023 / June 20, 2023

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>Executive Summary .....</b>	<b>iii</b>
<b>Strategic Plan .....</b>	<b>4</b>
Vision .....	4
Mission .....	4
Goal .....	4
Introduction .....	4
Primary Organizational Partners and Their Roles.....	5
Expected Benefits of Project to the Jurisdiction including the Jurisdiction’s Academic Research and Education Infrastructure .....	5
Project Implementation.....	7
Overall CCBSE Implementation .....	7
CCBSE Materials Design Pillar.....	8
CCBSE Cellular Systems Pillar .....	17
CCBSE Computational Approaches Pillar .....	24
CCBSE - Overall Summary .....	39
PROSPER Implementation.....	43
PROSPER EWD.....	43
PROSPER Broadening Participation (BP).....	52
PROSPER Partnerships and Collaborations .....	57
PROSPER Communication and Dissemination.....	64
PROSPER – Overall Summary .....	70
ND-ACES – Overall Impacts.....	74
<b>Risk Management Plan .....</b>	<b>75</b>
<b>Succession Plan.....</b>	<b>77</b>
<b>Appendix A – ND-ACES Personnel, Teams, External Advisory Board, and ND EPSCoR State Steering Committee .....</b>	<b>79</b>
<b>Appendix B – 2020 Strategic Planning Process and Timeline.....</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>Appendix C – Glossary of Acronyms .....</b>	<b>84</b>
<b>Appendix D – Programmatic Terms and Conditions - Hiring Plan .....</b>	<b>85</b>
Background .....	85
Recruiting and Hiring Plan.....	85
Mentoring Plan .....	86
<b>Appendix E – SWOT Analysis .....</b>	<b>87</b>
ND-ACES SWOT Analysis .....	87

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

North Dakota (ND) EPSCoR's Strategic Plan details the conceptual, programmatic, and management framework for successfully accomplishing the goals of ND-ACES (New Discoveries in the Advanced Interface of Computation, Engineering, and Science), ND's National Science Foundation (NSF) Research Infrastructure Improvement (RII) Track-1 Cooperative Agreement. ND-ACES is a \$24M five-year (July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2025) federal (\$20M)/state (\$4M) partnership led by principal investigator (PI) and project director (PD) Colleen Fitzgerald, Ph.D. (Vice President for Research and Creative Activity, North Dakota State University [NDSU]). The Co-PI is John Mihelich, Ph.D., Interim Vice President for Research and Economic Development, University of North Dakota (UND).

ND-ACES capitalizes on and supports the continued growth in research capacity and capability at the two research universities (RUs; NDSU and UND), one master's college/university (MCU; Minot State University [MiSU]), three primarily undergraduate institutions (PUIs; Dickinson State University [DSU], Mayville State University [MaSU], and Valley City State University [VCSU]), and three of the five tribal colleges/universities (TCUs; Cankdeska Cikana Community College [CCCC], Nueta Hidatsa Sahnish College [NHSC], and Turtle Mountain Community College [TMCC]). ND-ACES will catalyze ND's research and computing capabilities by leveraging prior and new investments to create knowledge that expands ND's bioscience research, capacity, and expertise through the collaborative work of personnel at the above nine institutions within a unified Center for Cellular Biointerfaces in Science and Engineering (CCBSE). The CCBSE has three integrated Pillars of scientific inquiry: 1) Materials Design at Biointerfaces; 2) Cellular Systems at the Materials Interface; and, 3) Computation, Machine Learning, and Predictive Modeling.

The impact and reach of ND-ACES' research efforts/intellectual merit are enhanced via the simultaneous and linked broader impact efforts of the Promoting Sustainable Partnerships in Education and Research (PROSPER) team. PROSPER activities span each of the nine institutions listed above, and a fourth TCU (Sitting Bull College [SBC]). The goals of these efforts will be achieved through the establishment of diverse and sustainable STEM education and professional development pathways and expanded bioscience partnerships and internships designed to enhance success in future federal funding and support the transformation of research into practical use via trained personnel and new products. PROSPER will also expand underserved (i.e., rural, inner city, or low income) and underrepresented (i.e., American Indians, Alaska Natives, Blacks, Hispanics, women, or persons with disabilities) participation, and inform the residents of ND.

# STRATEGIC PLAN

## Vision

ND-ACES will be the Northern Plain’s leading scientific and educational driver in new and sustainable biosciences technologies; particularly in knowledge and translational activities in biointerfaces related to cancer progression and metastasis.

## Mission

ND-ACES will contribute to cancer research in ways that have state, national, and international ramifications and underpin sustainable activities for a trained and diverse workforce and informed populace and lead to future efforts focused on new therapeutic solutions (beyond the scope of this effort).

## Goal

Build capacity and innovation within the bioscience sector in sustainable fundamental, applied, and translational research broadening participation and economic engagement to diversify the state’s economy.

## Introduction

ND-ACES brings together 10 institutions of higher education within the jurisdiction to help drive the continued growth of the state’s emerging biosciences ecosystem through a series of interdisciplinary and transdisciplinary research efforts and outreach activities.

The Center for Cellular Biointerfaces in Science and Engineering (CCBSE) will use computational modeling to garner an improved interdisciplinary understanding of biological and engineered materials biointerfaces; expand expertise in novel cellular growth and analysis paradigms for mimicking the *in vivo* environment; catalyze research/computing capabilities; and, support the translation of research into use through products, partnerships, and collaborations with various stakeholders.

The reach and sustainability of CCBSE will be enhanced through a series of broader impact efforts by participants (Appendix A) organized within the Promoting Sustainable Partnerships within Education and Research (PROSPER) network. Through PROSPER, ND-ACES provides diverse and sustainable STEM education and professional development pathways and expanded bioscience partnerships and internships designed to increase success in future federal funding and support the translation of research into use, broaden underserved (particularly rural and/or low-income students) and underrepresented (particularly American Indians, Hispanics, women, or persons with disabilities) participation, and inform ND’s citizens. An overview of ND-ACES is in Figure 1.

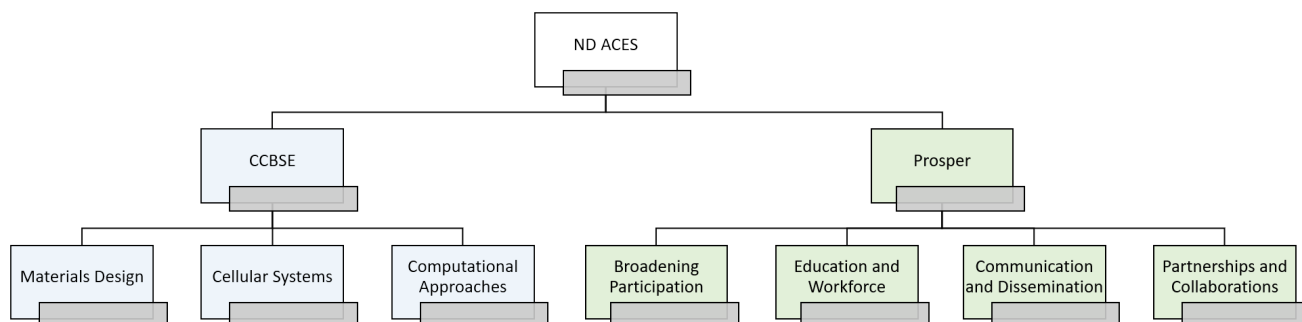


Figure 1. Structure of ND-ACES

## **Primary Organizational Partners and Their Roles**

The CCBSE is fully integrated across three research Pillars: 1) Materials Design at Biointerfaces; 2) Cellular Systems at the Materials Interface; and, 3) Computation, Machine Learning, and Predictive Modeling. Each CCBSE Pillar is also co-led by a NDSU and UND researcher. Collectively, the CCBSE Pillars will support the expansion of bioscience research capacity and advanced understanding of the biochemistry and cell biology of cancer cells and tumors (primary metastasis sites).

PROSPER provides education and experiences designed to build a diverse workforce, enhance partnerships and collaborations with various stakeholders, and inform the residents of ND. The four components of PROSPER are: 1) EWD; 2) Broadening Participation (BP); 3) Partnerships and Collaborations; and, 4) Communication and Dissemination.

***The intellectual merit and broader impact efforts of ND-ACES, led by CCBSE and PROSPER respectively cross all 10 organizational partners identified in Appendix A.***

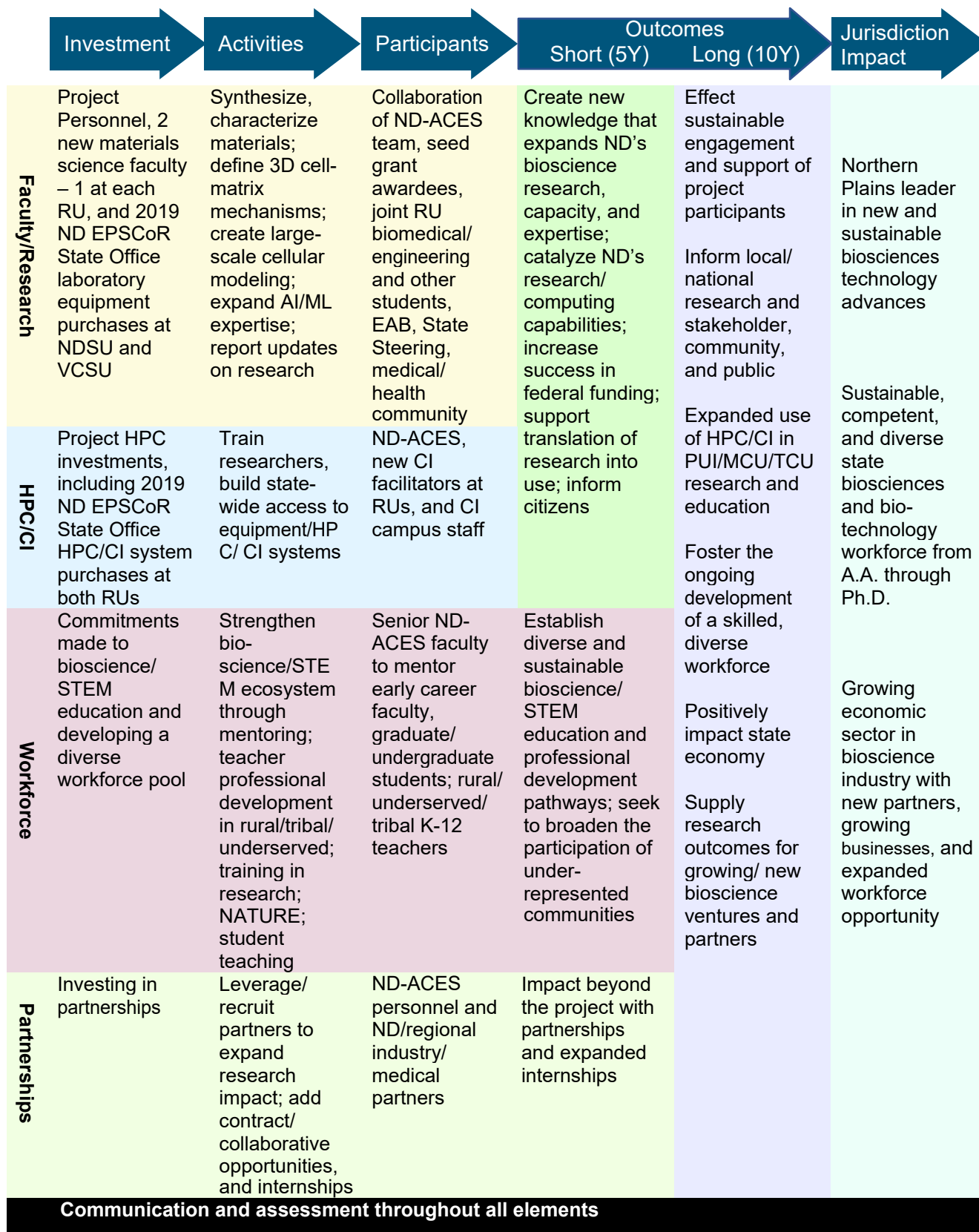
## **Expected Benefits of Project to the Jurisdiction including the Jurisdiction's Academic Research and Education Infrastructure**

The ND-ACES logic model (Table 1) outlines how the investments ND-ACES makes in existing and new personnel, high performance computing (HPC)/cyberinfrastructure (CI) systems, workforce, and partnerships will drive outcomes and create lasting jurisdictional impact. Key investments include equipment purchased by the ND EPSCoR Office prior to the start of the award (from state, non-match dollars) and Research Universities' commitment to provide the funding necessary to hire two new faculty associated with the CCBSE Materials Design at Biointerfaces Pillar (a need identified in the proposal development and outlined in more detail within Appendix D). ND-ACES investments provide the ability to conduct new research and outreach activities (outlined in the Project Implementation section of this document) designed to produce short-term outcomes within the five years of this RII Track-1 cooperative agreement. These efforts have been carefully designed to provide longer-term outcomes with sustained jurisdictional impacts that will help ND expand its economy and reach beyond commodity-based investments.

ND-ACES milestone activities and metrics (outlined in the Project Implementation section) provide a pathway to ND-ACES outcomes that produce changes in the knowledge and capacities of the state (Table 5: CCBSE Outcomes) and sustained positive impacts and growth as a result of these changes (Table 5: Long-term Outcomes). The outcomes of ND-ACES are the beneficial impacts on ND that will affect sustainable engagement, inform stakeholders, support ND's growing biosciences sector, and advance the development of a skilled workforce. The short- and long-term outcomes summarized within the ND-ACES logic model will improve the local economy for the citizens of ND, leading to jurisdictional impacts within the Northern Plains' growing biosciences sector.

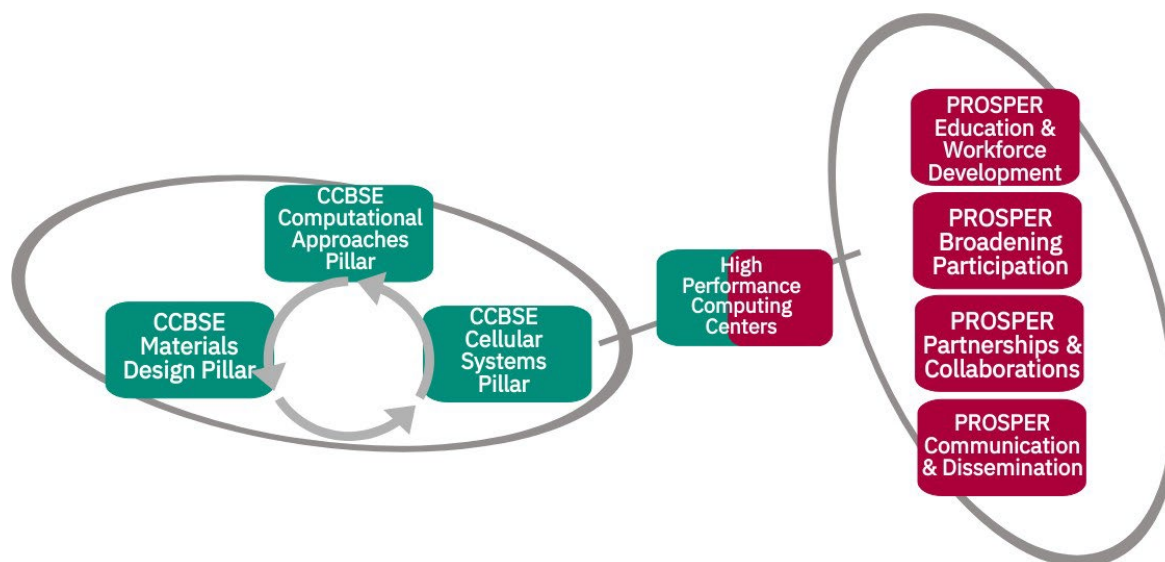
Jurisdiction-wide impacts will be the result of the achievement of short-term and long-term outcomes all along the education and workforce continuum. ND-ACES will prepare the Northern Plains to be a leader in new and supportable biosciences technological developments. This commercial growth will impact the state by providing expanded workforce opportunities in a new industry.

**Table 1. ND-ACES Logic Model**



## Project Implementation

ND-ACES personnel (Appendix A) will work collaboratively within and across the three CCBSE research Pillars and the four PROSPER broader impact components (Figure 2). The RU HPCs, shown between the CCBSE and PROSPER groups, are instrumental to the operational work conducted within the Computational Approaches Pillar; have training/outreach responsibilities to the MCU, PUIs, and TCUs; and, will play a role in expanding the STEM pathway through the hiring of CI interns.



**Figure 2. Interrelationships of CCBSE and PROSPER Personnel**

The ND-ACES overall work plan will be implemented along five integrated tracks:

- 1) Interdisciplinary and transdisciplinary research in biointerfaces (the interface between engineered and biological materials) that uses advanced research computing as a conduit for intellectual and translational advances.
- 2) Workforce training and broadened participation programming at all campuses to support North Dakota's biosciences industry.
- 3) Regional industry and medical entity partnerships that facilitate bioscience sector sustainability.
- 4) Advanced research computing to increase North Dakota researchers' expertise, with the research universities serving as solution providers.
- 5) Elevated public understanding of the economic impact of growing North Dakota's biosciences sector through strategic research investments as a result of data-sharing, communication, and outreach.

### **Overall CCBSE Implementation**

The CCBSE activities link to ND-ACES tracks 1, 2, 3, and 4 and support the center's core goal of expanded bioscience research capacity in improved soft tissue and bone-mimetic scaffolds and models that create and increase the knowledge and advanced understanding of the biochemistry and cell biology of cancer cells and tumors. To broaden application of the foundational knowledge gained on metastasized cancer/tumors, the team will pursue developmental research to increase capacity and knowledge in the area of nanoparticle-based delivery systems (secondary goal; links to ND-ACES tracks 1, 2, 3, and 4). This secondary goal will provide a solid foundation for the future development of new therapeutic solutions (mid- to long-term outcome; outside the scope of this proposal) to address bone metastasized cancer. The CCBSE researchers collaborate across multiple disciplines of materials science engineering, cellular biology, and scientific computing.

The CCBSE goals will be reached by employing five Strategies:

- 1) Construct innovative 3D biocompatible structures of hard and soft tissues (core goal).
- 2) Design novel cell culture paradigms to accurately model *in vivo* tumor cell biology (core goal).
- 3) Provide a fundamental understanding of biointerfaces that adapts to biomedical and biotechnology research and translates to industry (core and secondary goals).
- 4) Use iterative computational learning to establish models capable of predicting cell responses on 3D biointerfaces (core goal).
- 5) Develop an understanding of polymer nanoparticles as a surrogate for vascular transport of effector molecules (secondary goal).

Each Pillar has a set of Pillar-specific goals and objectives, which when successfully addressed will lead to achieving CCBSE's core and secondary goals. CCBSE's success will be enabled by old and new investments, multidisciplinary coordination among nine institutions, and transdisciplinary growth of expertise and research capacity across three research Pillars: 1) Materials Design at Biointerfaces (hereto forth called Materials Design Pillar); 2) Cellular Systems at Materials Interfaces (hereto forth called Cellular Systems Pillar); and, 3) Computation, Machine Learning, and Predictive Modeling (hereto forth called Computational Approaches Pillar).

### **CCBSE Materials Design Pillar**

The Materials Design Pillar is focused on designing bio-inspired materials (hard and soft tissue) as platforms for the growth of cancer cells in the primary tumor site (soft tissue) and a metastatic bone site (hard tissue). The three goals of this Pillar are outlined below and in detail, by year, in the corresponding table of milestone activities and metrics (Table 2). The goals emphasize the foundational design principles of tissue-mimetic materials and nanoparticles. The results from the Cellular Systems Pillar and the Computational Approaches Pillar will allow iterative improvement of the design principles for the materials research under this Pillar. Hence, the goals for the Materials Design Pillar are not hypothesis-driven.

This team will use three Tactics aligned with CCBSE Strategies 1, 3, 4, and 5 to successfully meet its Pillar-specific goals and objectives: 1) design novel soft materials that mimic tissues through layered chitosan-alginate systems (primary site of cancer) and hard materials that mimic bone through amino acid modified clays (secondary site - metastatic; Strategy 1); 2) develop a system for vascular surrogacy in 3D cocultures (Strategy 5); and, 3) integrate with the Cellular Systems Pillar and the Computational Approaches Pillar teams to produce a high throughput format for rational design of increasingly functional materials through the use of Pillar Liaisons (Strategies 3 and 4).

The workflow will follow an iterative cycle: 1) biosimilar and biocompatible materials will be selected for hard and soft tissue matrix designs; 2) polymer nanoparticles will be designed for vascular-like transport of effector molecules into the dense 3D cell cultures; 3) scaffolds and polymeric nanoparticles will be delivered to the Cellular Systems Pillar for assessing the effects of released effector molecules on the heterogeneous 3D culture phenotypes for comparison to *in vivo* growth (studies from literature); 4) Cellular Systems Pillar feedback will be integrated with computation predictions; and, 5) predictive model output from the Computational Approaches Pillar will direct modifications for specific material pore size, shape, organization, elasticity, and degradability over time for subsequent iterations.

**Materials Design Pillar Goal 1.1:** The team will develop porous bone-mimetic scaffolds to create interfaces with breast and prostate cancer cells and collaborate with the Cellular Systems Pillar to study the effects of the materials using cell phenotyping. Specifically, this goal is the selection of optimal hard materials as porous bone-mimetic scaffolds.

- **Materials Design Pillar Objective 1.1a:** Design and optimize nanoclay scaffolds.
- **Materials Design Pillar Objective 1.1b:** Characterize the scaffolds and demonstrate cancer cell growth



**Materials Design Pillar Goal 1.2:** The team will develop soft, polymeric scaffolds for the growth of prostate and breast cancer cells. Scaffold mechanics will be optimized using steered molecular dynamics (SMD) modeling efforts of the Computation team to help optimize the stress-strain characteristics of the scaffold material. As a result, the combined model outputs will inform the modulation of the concentrations of chitosan, (Chi) sodium alginate (Alg), and polygalactouronic acid (pgA) to achieve characteristics that support cancer cell cultures and enable the mechanical stability of the scaffold system. Specifically, this goal is the selection of optimal polymeric materials as soft tissue-mimetic scaffolds.

- **Materials Design Pillar Objective 1.2a:** Design and optimize soft polymeric scaffolds.
- **Materials Design Pillar Objective 1.2b:** Characterize the scaffolds and demonstrate cancer cell growth.

**Materials Design Pillar Goal 1.3:** The team will prepare polymersomes responsive to the hypoxic microenvironment of the 3D cultures of the cancer cells, and development of polymer-based fluorescent nanoparticles for cancer cell imaging. In collaboration with the Cellular Systems Pillar, the developed nanomaterials will be used to investigate the biochemical changes and apoptosis of the cancer stem cells in the hypoxic niches of the 3D cultures after exposure to a gene transcription (small organic molecule) inhibitor to inhibit the stemness.

- **Materials Design Pillar Objective 1.3a:** Design and develop stimuli-responsive polymeric materials as nanocarriers.
- **Materials Design Pillar Objective 1.3b:** Design and develop silicon quantum dots (QDs) and polymer-QDs hybrids for bioimaging.
- **Materials Design Pillar Objective 1.3c:** Design and test polymer nanoparticles for vascular surrogacy for use in 3D cocultures.

**Table 2. Materials Design Pillar Timelines of Activities, Milestones, Metrics, and Anticipated Outcomes**

CCBSE RESEARCH GOALS: Material Design Pillar						
Goal 1.1: Selection of optimal hard materials as porous bone-mimetic scaffolds						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Objective 1.1a: Design and optimize nanoclay scaffolds</li> <li>Objective 1.1b: Characterize the scaffolds and demonstrate cancer cell growth</li> </ul>						
Objective 1.1a	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible parties
<b>Activity 1:</b> Prepare nanoclay scaffolds with amino acids for cancer cell growth	Prepare scaffolds based on prior studies	Optimize amino acid structure based on modeling, the loading amount, prepare two additional scaffolds, provide scaffolds to nanomaterials subgroup and Cellular Systems Pillar	Provide feedback to the Computational Approaches Pillar, optimize scaffold materials, provide the scaffolds for nanomaterials testing	Continue to prepare the optimized scaffold, provide them to Cellular Systems Pillar	Continue to prepare the optimized scaffold	Lead: K. Katti, Co-lead: G. Du P. Selvakumar
<b>Activity 2:</b> Assist non-RU campuses involved in Activity 1 with compliance protocols	Assist with the initiation of conversations between non-RU faculty and RU campuses for the administration of necessary compliance protocols (IBC, MTAs)	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Leads: K. Katti, M. Hoffmann, S. Mallik, J. Zhao
<b>Activity 3:</b> Prepare hard scaffolds with vascularization mimics using three different routes and select optimized methodology			Prepare hard scaffolds with 3 different routes to mimic vascularization	Continue prepare hard scaffolds with 3 different routes to mimic vascularization	Continue to prepare the "vascularized" hard scaffolds and select optimized scaffold	Leads: P. Selvakumar, K. Katti Co-leads: D. Katti (Computational Approaches)

Objective 1.1b	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible parties
<b>Activity 1:</b> Characterize the scaffolds and culture of breast and prostate cancer cells	Mechanical characterization, biocompatibility testing, nanomechanics, metastatic breast and prostate growth	Continue with characterization, optimize cell spheroid growth, nanomechanics	Optimize scaffold and cancer cell growth conditions, nanomechanics	Continue to prepare the optimized scaffolds with cancer cells and patient-derived samples	Continue to prepare the optimized scaffolds with cancer cells and patient-derived samples	Lead: K. Katti Co-lead: G. Du, P. Selvakumar
<b>Goal 1.2: Selection of optimal polymeric materials as soft tissue-mimetic scaffolds</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Objective 1.2a: Design and optimize soft polymeric scaffolds</li> <li>Objective 1.2b: Characterize the scaffolds and demonstrate cancer cell growth</li> </ul>						
Objective 1.2a	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible parties
<b>Activity 1:</b> Prepare soft scaffolds from Chi, Alg, and PgA, characterize the scaffolds	Prepare soft material scaffolds from two polymers	Optimize the scaffolds by altering the polymer composition and molecular weights, provide feedback to Computational Approaches Pillar and scaffolds for nanomaterials testing and Cellular Systems Pillar	Based on the feedback from the Computational Approaches and Cellular Systems Pillars optimize scaffold materials, provide scaffolds for nanomaterials testing and Cellular Systems testing and Cellular Systems Pillar	Continue to prepare the optimized scaffolds, provide scaffolds for nanomaterials testing and Cellular Systems Pillar	Continue to prepare the optimized scaffolds, provide scaffolds for nanomaterials testing and Cellular Systems Pillar	Lead: K. Katti, K. Hossain Co-leads: M. Quadir, B. Voels, M. Parker, A. Allard, M. Kjelland
<b>Activity 2:</b> Assist non-RU campuses involved in Activity 1 with compliance protocols	Assist with the initiation of conversations between non-RU faculty and RU campuses for the administration of necessary compliance protocols (IBC, MTAs)	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Leads: K. Katti, M. Hoffmann, S. Mallik, J. Zhao
<b>Activity 3:</b> Prepare a small			Prepare 24 soft scaffolds from	Continue to prepare the three optimal	Continue to prepare the three optimal	Leads: M. Quadir, K. Hossain

combinatorial library (24-48) of soft scaffolds from natural, synthetic, or hybrid polymers <b>Activity 4:</b> Prepare soft scaffolds with vascularization mimics			cross-linked polymers or layer-by-layer assembly of linear polymers	scaffolds or prepare another set of 24 new scaffolds (if necessary)  Modify the three optimal scaffolds for selective polymer hydrolysis or photodegradation	scaffolds  Continue to prepare the “vascularized” scaffolds	Co-leads: S. Mallik, G. Du  Leads: M. Quadir, S. Mallik Co-Lead: G. Du
<b>Objective 1.2b</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	<b>Responsible parties</b>
<b>Activity 1:</b> Determine mechanical properties, cell viability in the scaffolds, analyze gene expression profiles <b>Activity 2:</b> Assist non-RU campuses involved in Activity 1 with compliance protocols  <b>Activity 3:</b> Determine breast and prostate cancer cell growth in the scaffolds	Mechanical characterization, nanomechanics, biocompatibility testing, breast and prostate cancer cell growth  Assist with the initiation of conversations between non-RU faculty and RU campuses for the administration of necessary compliance protocols (IBC, MTAs)	Continue with characterization, optimize tumoroid growth, nanomechanics  Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Optimize scaffold and cancer cell growth conditions, nanomechanics  Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses  Determine which scaffolds are supporting cancer cell growth for 7 days	Continue to prepare the optimized scaffolds with cancer cells  Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses  Determine the three optimal soft scaffolds for breast cancer cells and three for prostate cancer cells and transfer them to Cellular Studies Pillar	Continue to prepare the optimized scaffolds with cancer cells  Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses  Continue to prepare the three optimal scaffolds for biochemical studies and nanoparticle testing	Lead: K. Katti Co-lead: G. Du, M. Quadir, K. Hossain  Leads: K. Katti, M. Hoffmann, S. Mallik, J. Zhao  Leads: J. Wilkinson, C. Combs, A. Dhasarathy Co-Lead: K. Hossain

for detailed biochemical studies

**Goal 1.3: Develop a system for vascular surrogacy in 3D co-cultures**

- Objective 1.3a: Design and develop stimuli-responsive polymeric materials as nanocarriers
- Objective 1.3b: Design and develop silicon quantum dots (QDs) and polymer-QDs hybrids for bioimaging
- Objective 1.3c: Design and test polymer nanoparticles for vascular surrogacy

Objective 1.3a	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible parties
<b>Activity 1:</b> Investigate pH responsive properties	Identify poly(silyl ether)s as pH-responsive materials	Modify and improve polymer structure and nanoparticles (NPs) properties	Make light-responsive polymeric materials for controlled release and optimize NPs fabrication	Prepare lanthanide binding polymeric materials and fabricate NPs	Prepare multi-responsive polymeric materials and fabricate NPs	Lead: G. Du Co-leads: J. Zhao, C. Combs, B. Sui
<b>Activity 2:</b> Test biocompatibility	Fabricate and characterize NPs	Test toxicity of the polymers and NPs	Test the cell survival rate when the light-responsive polymer	Test biocompatibility of the lanthanide binding polymer NPs	Evaluate polymer- NPs biocompatibility <i>in vitro</i>	Lead: G. Du Co-leads: J. Zhao, C. Combs, B. Sui
<b>Activity 3:</b> Examine cell culture usage		Determine optimal hard and soft scaffolds in <i>in vitro</i> studies	Determine optimal cancer cell identification using the polymer NPs in 3D cells	Image 3D hard and soft scaffolds using the prepared NPs	Determine cellular applications of the NPs in soft and hard scaffolds	Lead: G. Du Co-leads: J. Zhao, C. Combs, B. Sui
Objective 1.3b	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible parties
<b>Activity 1:</b> Selection of the best precursor	Selection of precursors for making silicon quantum dots (QDs)	Modify quantum dot surface through chemical reactions	Selection of polymer to improve quantum dot's quantum yield	Making quantum dot and polymer hybrids	Prepare the optimized hybrid of quantum dots- polymer in 3D scaffold	Lead: J. Zhao Co-leads: G. Du, C. Combs, B. Sui
<b>Activity 2:</b> Testing feasibility	Optimization of QD's optical signals in	Test toxicity and biocompatibility of	Test the selected polymers in	Test the biocompatibility of	Identification of intra-cellular reactions using	Lead: J. Zhao Co-leads: G. Du, C.

	cancer cells	the QDs	bioimaging	hybrids in 3D cell Culture	the hybrids in soft and hard scaffold	Combs, B. Sui
<b>Activity 3:</b> Cancer cells imaging	Application of the QDs in cancer cell imaging	Application of the QDs for cancer cell identification	Application of the polymers in cancer cell imaging	Application of the hybrids in 3D cell culture	Application of the cell hybrids in 3D cell culture	Lead: J. Zhao Co-leads: G. Du, C. Combs, B. Sui
<b>Objective 1.3c</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	<b>Responsible parties</b>
<b>Activity 1:</b> Design, preparation, and testing of hypoxia-responsive polymer nanoparticles	Synthesize a set of diblock copolymers	Optimize release properties of anticancer drugs using cancer cells on hard and soft material scaffolds	Select the optimal nanoparticle, demonstrate tumor targeting and tumor penetration on the hard and soft material scaffolds	Determine the effects of the released drugs on the cancer cells, mechanistic studies	Based on the mechanistic studies, select and demonstrate the efficacy of the optimal variant	Lead: S. Mallik Co-leads: M. Bobylev, K. Katti, G. Du
<b>Activity 2:</b> Design, preparation, and testing of pH-responsive polymer nanoparticles	Synthesize a set of triblock copolymers with conjugated anticancer drugs	Optimize pH-mediated release of the anticancer drugs	Select the optimal nanoparticle, demonstrate tumor targeting and penetration on the hard and soft scaffolds	Mechanistic studies on the pH-triggered drug release from polymer backbone, cellular effects of the released drugs	Based on the mechanistic studies, select and demonstrate the efficacy of the optimal variant	Lead: M. Quadir Co-leads: S. Mallik, K. Katti, G. Du; P. Selvakumar
<b>Milestone metrics for Materials Design Pillar</b>						
<b>Materials Pillar</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	
Objective 1.1a	Prepare 3 different biocompatible scaffolds	Develop 2 nanoclay scaffolds incorporating the amino acids and evaluate additional one hard scaffold	Select one optimal scaffold (critical)	Prepare enough scaffolds for the other Pillars and for Materials Design Pillar Goal 3	Prepare enough scaffolds for the other Pillars and for Materials Design Pillar Goal 3	

Objective 1.1b	Complete characterizations on the scaffolds prepared in 1.1a. Demonstrate growth of MCF7 and PC3a cells	Demonstrate growth of MDA-MB-231 and PC3 cells and compare with MCF 7 and PC3a cells	Demonstrate tumoroid formation (critical)	Time evaluation of tumor growth on optimized scaffolds	The tumors on the scaffold are genetically and morphologically similar
Objective 1.2a	Prepare 3 different biocompatible scaffolds	Prepare 3 different biocompatible scaffolds	Select 1 optimal scaffold (critical)	Prepare enough scaffolds for the other Pillars and for Materials Design Pillar Goal 3 (nanomaterials testing)	Prepare enough scaffolds for the other Pillars and for Materials Design Pillar Goal 3
Objective 1.2b	Complete characterizations on the scaffolds prepared in 1.1a. Demonstrate growth of MCF7 and PC3a cells	Demonstrate growth of MDA-MB-231 and PC3 cells and compare with MCF 7 and PCa	Demonstrate tumoroid formation (critical)	Time evaluation of tumor growth on optimized scaffolds	The tumors on the scaffold are genetically and morphologically similar
Objective 1.3a	Prepare 5 different PSEs and characterize nanoparticles	Demonstrate drug release in the tumoroids cells in scaffolds	The nanoparticles release drugs within desirable time in scaffolds (critical)	Prepare 3 different polymers, demonstrate imaging in the tumor cells in 3D scaffolds	Released drugs kill majority of cancer cells in scaffold/models
Objective 1.3b	QDs with stable signal in cells	Demonstrate good biocompatibility with cancer cell lines	Identify two polymers (critical)	Make two polymer-SiQD hybrids	Demonstrate optimized imaging
Objective 1.3c	Prepare 3 polymers with different hypoxia- responsive units, characterize nanoparticles	Prepare two additional polymers, demonstrate drug release in the tumoroids on hard and soft scaffolds	The nanoparticles release drugs within 2 hours in the hard and soft scaffolds (critical)	Release drugs kill at least 80% of the breast and prostate cancer cells on the scaffolds (critical)	Released drugs kill at least 80% of the cancer cells in the patient-derived model
	Prepare 3 polymers, characterize nanoparticles	Demonstrate drug release in the tumoroids on hard and soft scaffolds	The nanoparticles release drugs within 2 hours in the hard and soft scaffolds (critical)	Release drugs kill at least 80% of the breast and prostate cancer cells on the scaffolds (critical)	Released drugs kill at least 80% of the cancer cells in the patient-derived model

**Anticipated Outcomes of Materials Design Pillar**

<b>Across this Pillar</b>	<b>Short-term (5 Years) (changes in knowledge or capacities)</b>	<b>Long-term (10 Years) (changes in actions or conditions)</b>
Goal 1.1	Create new knowledge that expands ND's bioscience research, capacity, and expertise; increase success in federal funding; support translation of research into use.	Effect sustainable engagement and support of project participants; foster the ongoing development of a skilled, diverse workforce.
Goal 1.2	Create new knowledge that expands ND's bioscience research, capacity, and expertise; increase success in federal funding; support translation of research into use.	Effect sustainable engagement and support of project participants; foster the ongoing development of a skilled, diverse workforce.
Goal 1.3	Create new knowledge that expands ND's bioscience research, capacity, and expertise; increase success in federal funding; support translation of research into use.	Effect sustainable engagement and support of project participants; foster the ongoing development of a skilled, diverse workforce.
Overall Outcomes	Increase success in federal funding; support translation of research into use.	Supply research outcomes for growing/new bioscience ventures and partners; positively impact state economy



### **CCBSE Cellular Systems Pillar**

The Cellular Systems Pillar is focused on increasing the capacity and expertise of the CCBSE researchers in basic and translational use of *in vivo*-like 3D cell cultures, which will ultimately (long-term outcome) allow the team to partner with regional health care providers to serve as a resource for personalized medicine approaches to cancer. The goal of this Pillar is outlined below and in detail, by year, in the corresponding table of milestone activities and metrics (Table 3). The goal empathizes the creation of innovative models of heterogeneous, multi-cell 3D research cultures using multiple soft and hard material scaffolds designed by the Materials Design Pillar and refined by the Computational Approaches Pillar. Hence, the goals for the Cellular Systems Pillar are not hypothesis-driven.

This team will focus on three strategies to successfully meet its objectives: 1) validate multiple soft and hard tissue scaffolds as appropriate for *in vivo*-like 3D cultures (Strategy 2); 2) generate heterogeneous multicellular 3D cultures with improved *in vivo*-like tissue by sequential addition of cell types (macrophages, fibroblasts, etc.) with the cancer cell lines (Strategy 3); and, 3) model patient-derived organoid (PDO) systems and compare with the commonly used and commercially available mouse patient-derived xenograft (PDX) systems to develop a high throughput system that combines materials and modeling to create an improved culture paradigm for human *in vivo* relevance.

The workflow will initially focus on prostate and breast cancer cell lines grown in both soft and hard tissue biomaterial scaffolds is designed to grow different cell types and tuned to optimize adhesion, porosity, and stiffness or evaluation of cellular response. These tests will allow better definition of the role of biointerfaces and 3D structures including those of a hypoxic nature, on complex multi-cell behaviors such as *in vitro* cell growth and differentiation, cancer growth/ metastatic progression, and multicellular tissue engineering. Research will then focus on creating innovative models of heterogeneous, multi-cell 3D research cultures using multiple soft and hard material scaffolds designed by the Materials Design Pillar and refined by the Computational Approaches Pillar.

**Cellular Systems Pillar Goal 2.1:** The team will use various biomaterial formulations (test scaffolds) developed by the Materials Design Pillar to develop a robust pipeline for both morphometric and molecular analysis for the purpose of validating whether characteristics of the test scaffolds are biocompatible and can be used to answer fundamental questions about cancer cells' behavior in response to different microenvironmental inputs. Then, using systematic analysis, the team will determine which materials have the most potential for high throughput content testing and, in conjunction with the Computational Approaches Pillar feed computation-driven models to optimize the materials design of the scaffolds. Specifically, this goal is to create innovative models of heterogeneous, multi-cell 3D research cultures.

- **Cellular Systems Pillar Objective 2.1:** Increase CCBSE capacity/expertise in basic and translational use of *in vivo*-like 3D cell cultures, which will ultimately (long-term outcome) allow the team to partner with regional health care providers to serve as a resource for personalized medicine approaches to cancer.

**Table 3. Cellular Systems Pillar Timeline of Activities, Milestones, Metrics, and Anticipated Outcomes**

CCBSE RESEARCH GOAL: Cellular Systems Pillar						
Goal 2.1: Create innovative models of heterogeneous, multi-cell 3D research cultures						
• Objective 2.1: Increase CCBSE capacity/expertise in basic and translational use of <i>in vivo</i> -like 3D cell cultures						
Objective 2.1	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Activity 1:</b> Validate multiple soft and hard tissue scaffolds	Standardize validation protocols using existing materials and compare to 2D culture  Create protocol database  Establish common reagent database  Preliminary validation of 1st generation materials (viability, hypoxic responses, EMT/MET status)  Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar	Secondary validation of 1st generation materials (migration, adhesion, surface contact analysis)  Preliminary validation of 2nd generation materials (viability, hypoxic responses, EMT/MET status)  Update SOPs and reagents database  Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar	Tertiary validation of 1st generation materials (focal adhesion, migration, Transcriptomics)  Secondary validation of 2nd generation materials (migration, adhesion, surface contact analysis)  Update SOPs and reagents database  Nanomaterial delivery assessment  Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar	Quaternary validation of 1st generation materials (chromatin accessibility and modification assays)  Tertiary analysis of 2nd generation materials  Nanomaterial delivery assessment  Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar  Update SOPs and reagents database	Quaternary validation of 2nd generation materials (chromatin accessibility and modification assays)  Nanomaterial delivery assessment  Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar  Update SOPs and reagents database	Leads: A. Dhasarathy, J. Wilkinson  Co-leads: C. Combs, G. Du, (Materials Design Pillar liaison),  K. Hartman; K. Katti,  A. Haage, H. van Gijssel, M. Hoffmann (Computational Approaches Pillar liaison)
	<b>Activity 2:</b> Generate heterogeneous multicellular 3D cultures with improved <i>in</i>	Establishment of viable co-culture conditions of tumor cell lines and macrophages or fibroblasts  Preliminary	Comparison of co-cultures to tumors  Establishment and maintenance of inter-cell contact sites between seeded populations	Continued establishment and maintenance of inter-cell contact sites between seeded populations (via microscopic	TAM analysis  Gene expression profiling  Nanocarrier assessments  Continued	Continued gene expression profiling  Continued Nanocarrier assessments, including interruption of TAM/TAF/Cancer

<p><i>vivo</i>-like tissue</p>	<p>validation of 1st generation materials (viability, hypoxic responses, EMT/MET status)</p> <p>Data exchange with Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p> <p>Create protocol database</p> <p>Establish common reagent database</p> <p>Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p>	<p>Morphometric analysis</p> <p>Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p> <p>Update SOPs and reagents database</p>	<p>evaluation)</p> <p>Continued Morphometric analysis</p> <p>Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p> <p>Update SOPs and reagents database</p>	<p>Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p> <p>Update SOPs and reagents database</p>	<p>cell interactions</p> <p>Submit data to Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p> <p>Update SOPs and reagents database</p>	<p>Katti, M. Hoffmann (Computational Approaches Pillar liaison)</p>
<p><b>Activity 3:</b> Develop a high throughput system that combines materials and modeling to create an improved culture paradigm for human <i>in vivo</i> relevance</p>	<p>Procure and maintain PDX models of breast and prostate cancer from commercial sources.</p> <p>Isolation of PDX tumors and establishment of growth as organoids (XOs) in culture</p> <p>Preliminary comparisons of XO tissues using viability assessments, and determination of</p>	<p>Detailed analysis of XO tissues in maintaining viability and proliferative capacity of explanted tissue when maintained upon the next-generation scaffolds.</p> <p>Establishing long-term (greater than 1 month) viable patient-derived organoid (PDO) lines. Optimization of standard procedures as</p>	<p>Continued XO explant grafting and comparison between scaffold and <i>in vivo</i> phenotypes</p> <p>Hypoxia-acidification analysis of XO scaffold cultures</p> <p>XO growth in the absence and presence of TAM/TAF seeding, comparative growth analysis</p> <p>Detailed analysis of PDO tissues in maintaining</p>	<p>Continued TAM/TAF seeding and comparative analysis of XO behavior to purified cell cultures</p> <p>Preliminary assessment of nanocarrier mediated pharmacologic interventions on TAMs-PDO communication</p> <p>Continued organoid assessments and testing success in maintaining viability and proliferative capacity of explanted</p>	<p>Gene expression profiling comparisons of XO/PDO cultures to <i>in vivo</i> growth conditions</p> <p>Continued assessment of nanocarrier mediated pharmacologic interventions on TAMs-PDO communication</p> <p>Submit data to Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars</p> <p>Update SOPs and</p>	<p>Leads: J. Kim, J. Wilkinson, C. Combs, A. Haage, H. van Gijssel</p>

	phenotypes between 2D, scaffold, and <i>in vivo</i> maintenance conditions  Establish clinical partnerships to obtain additional patient materials for organoid establishment  Submit data to Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars  Update SOPs and reagents database	needed  Preliminary PDO assessments and testing success in maintaining viability and proliferative capacity of explanted tissue (greater than 1 month) when maintained upon the next-generation scaffolds  Submit data to Materials Design  Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar  Update SOPs and reagents database	viability and proliferative capacity of explanted tissue when maintained upon the next-generation scaffolds  Submit data to Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars  Update SOPs and reagents database	tissue (greater than 1 month) when maintained upon the next-generation scaffolds  Microenvironment assessments of XO and PDO scaffold cultures  Submit data to Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars  Update SOPs and reagents database	reagents database	
<b>Activity 4:</b> Assist non-RU campuses involved in Activity 1 with compliance protocols	Assist with the initiation of conversations between non-RU faculty and RU campuses for the administration of necessary compliance protocols (IBC, MTAs)	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Ensure that all necessary compliance protocols are in place at the non-RU campuses	Leads: K. Katti, C. Combs, A. Dhasarathy, J. Wilkinson
<b>Across this Pillar</b>	<b>Milestone metrics for Cellular Systems Pillar</b>					
	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	
Objective 2.1	<u>Activity 1:</u> Validation SOP creation using existing materials	<u>Activity 1:</u> Completion of secondary validation on provided 1st	<u>Activity 1:</u> Completion of tertiary validation, provided 1st	<u>Activity 1:</u> Completion of quaternary validation, provided 1st	<u>Activity 1:</u> Completion of quaternary validation, provided 2nd generation	

	<p>and 2D culture</p> <p>Protocol database creation based on validation</p> <p>Reagent database creation based on validation</p> <p>Completion of preliminary evaluation of provided first generation materials (baseline viability and growth, initial hypoxic response and EMT/MET signatures) e.g., 85% similar to 2D and matrigel cultures</p> <p>Data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> A protocol for growth of multi-cellular cultures on provided hard and soft 1st generation materials</p>	<p>generation materials</p> <p>Completion of preliminary validation on provided 2nd generation materials</p> <p>Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> An optimized co-culture protocol for growth on provided hard and soft 1st generation materials</p> <p>A co-culture protocol for growth on provided hard and soft 2nd generation materials</p> <p>Establish phenotype marker</p>	<p>generation materials</p> <p>Completion of secondary validation, provided 2nd generation materials</p> <p>Completion of preliminary nanomaterial delivery assessments</p> <p>Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> An optimized co-culture protocol for growth on provided hard and soft 2nd generation materials Establish phenotype marker criteria (e.g., morphology and proteins) for co-cultures</p>	<p>generation materials</p> <p>Completion of tertiary validation, provided 2nd generation materials</p> <p>Completion of secondary nanomaterial delivery assessments</p> <p>Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> Optimized protocol for nanocarrier design and drug delivery to 3D-cultures</p> <p>Genomic and transcriptomic characterization of co-cultures on hard and</p>	<p>materials</p> <p>Completion of tertiary nanomaterial delivery assessments</p> <p>Continued data exchange with Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> Demonstration of nanocarrier-mediated drug delivery effects on co-culture viability and the established cellular phenotype markers</p> <p>Genomic and transcriptomic characterization of</p>
--	--	--	--	---	---

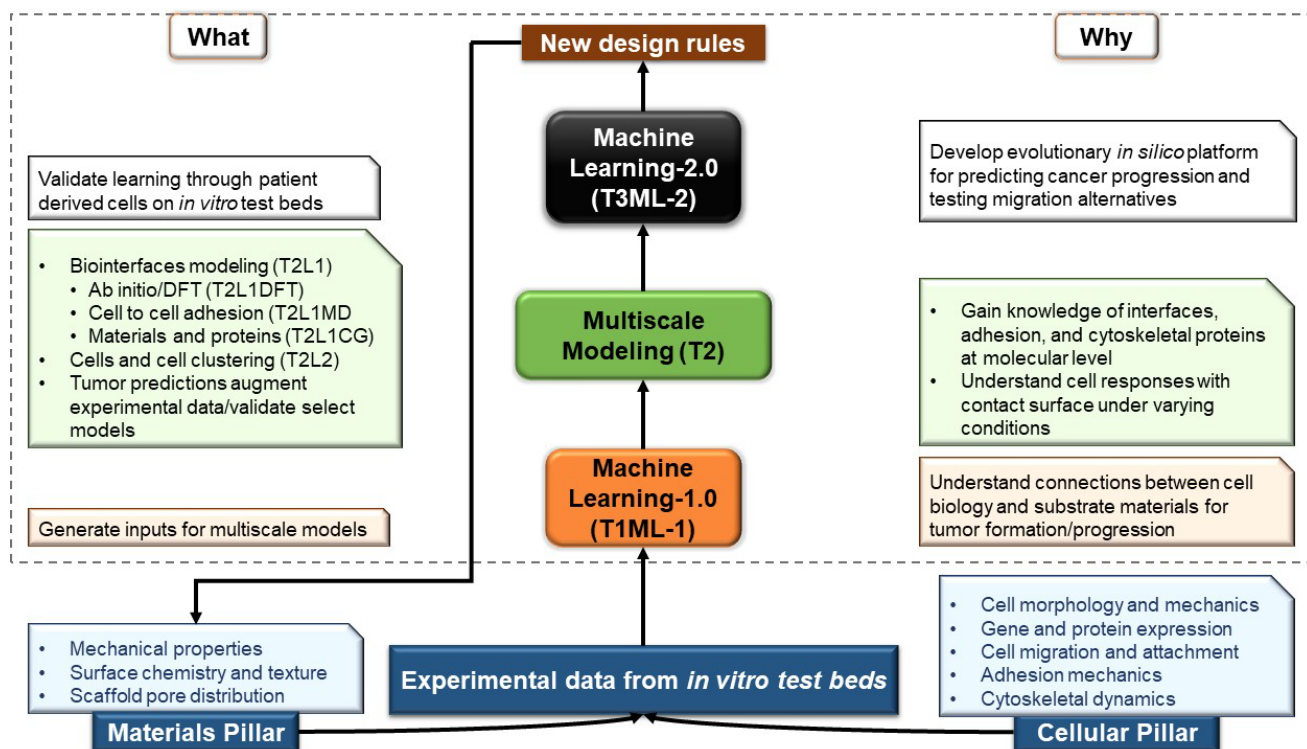
	Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars	criteria (e.g., morphology and proteins) for co-cultures on provided hard and soft 1st generation materials to compare to <i>in vivo</i> tumors  Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars	on provided hard and soft 2nd generation materials to compare to <i>in vivo</i> tumors  Protocol for nanocarrier design and drug delivery to 3D- cultures  Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars	soft materials  Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars	nanocarrier-mediated drug delivery to co-cultures on hard and soft materials  Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars
<p><u>Activity 3:</u> Successful establishment of PDX colonies as source of test materials</p> <p>Establishment and maintenance of PDX explant tissues (XOs) in scaffold cultures with greater than 1-month viability</p> <p>Development of standard protocols for sustained growth of XO tissues on next generation material scaffolds</p> <p>Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches</p>	<p><u>Activity 3:</u> Complex Analysis of phenotypic criteria indicating XO tissues on scaffolds exhibit growth and gene expression characteristics similar to <i>in vivo</i> conditions</p> <p>Faster and more efficient growth of XO tissues under scaffold conditions when compared to <i>in vivo</i> maintenance</p> <p>Successful growth of PDO on the next-generation scaffolds</p> <p>Continued data exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars</p>	<p><u>Activity 3:</u> Response to hypoxia/acidification by XO/scaffolds that mimics the <i>in vivo</i> tumor environment</p> <p>Development of a standard protocol for successful co-culture of XO with TAM/TAF on scaffolds</p> <p>Complex Analysis of phenotypic criteria indicating PDO tissues on scaffolds exhibit growth and gene expression characteristics similar to <i>in vivo</i> conditions</p> <p>Faster and more efficient growth of PDO tissues under scaffold conditions when compared to <i>in vivo</i> maintenance</p> <p>Continued data</p>	<p><u>Activity 3:</u> Successful long-term culture of PDO with TAM/TAF on scaffolds</p> <p>Presentation of miniature tumor microenvironment by PDO/TAM/TAF on scaffolds that is similar to TME of PDX tumor</p> <p>Continued data exchange with Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p>	<p><u>Activity 3:</u> Changes in PDO/scaffold growth behavior, genetics, and morphology upon the intervention of TAM-PDO communication</p> <p>Presentation of drug resistance characteristics by explanted tumoroids that maintain similar properties to those observed <i>in vivo</i></p> <p>Continued data exchange with Materials Design Pillar and Computational Approaches Pillar</p>	

	Pillars	exchange with Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillars
--	---------	--

Anticipated Outcomes of Cellular Systems Pillar		
Across this Pillar	Short-term (5 Years) (changes in knowledge or capacities)	Long-term (10 Years) (changes in actions or conditions)
Goal 2.1	We will establish an interdisciplinary collaborative team across the state engaging faculty, graduate, and undergraduate students at NDSU, UND, the PUIs, and TCUs focused on developing our expertise in use of cell line and patient-based organoid cultures.	The established interdisciplinary partnerships will expand to include faculty, industry, and institutions beyond the initial ND-ACES. New programs, departments, or centers will formalize based upon the established expertise.
Overall Outcomes	Create new knowledge that expands ND's bioscience research, capacity, and expertise; catalyze ND's research/computing capabilities; increase success in federal funding; support translation of research into use; inform citizens; establish diverse and sustainable bioscience/STEM education and professional development pathways; seek to broaden underserved participation; and impact beyond the project with partnerships and expanded internships.	Effect sustainable engagement and support of project participants; inform local/national research and stakeholder community, and public; expanded use of HPC/CI in PUI/MCU/TCU research and education; foster the ongoing development of a skilled, diverse workforce; positively impact state economy; supply research outcomes for growing/new bioscience ventures and partners.

### CCBSE Computational Approaches Pillar

The Computational Approaches Pillar is focused on developing computational predictive models to provide useful design rules for creating biointerfaces. The goal of this Pillar is outlined below and in detail, by year, in the corresponding table of milestone activities and metrics (Table 4). The goal emphasizes the development of an *in-silico* platform to predict tumor growth through the enhancement of connected learning, knowledge, and application across multiscale modeling, machine learning platforms, and experimental biomaterials and cellular data.



**Figure 3. Iterative Tactics of Computational Approaches Pillar**

This team will use four interdependent Tactics (Figure 3) aligned with CCBSE Strategies 1, 3, and 4 to successfully meet the objective of the Pillar. *Due to the intricate interdependencies of these Tactics, the activity milestones in this section are presented with additional detail:*

- 1) Machine learning-1 (T1ML-1) to understand connections between cellular biology and substrate materials.
- 2) Multiscale modeling (T2 is further delineated in the next paragraph) from nano- to macroscale.
- 3) Machine learning-2 (T3ML-2) that will use the data from T1ML-1 and T2 to develop the *in-silico* platform.
- 4) Computationally-driven materials design (T4).

The workflow will follow an iterative cycle (Figure 3) informed by the Materials Design Pillar and Cellular Systems Pillar. The Pillars will in turn be informed, via a reciprocal cycle of modeling of the cancer progression from the initial stages of cell attachment (primary site), to tumor formation, migration to secondary site (metastasis), and growth in *in vitro* testing. The computationally created design rules can provide fundamental information to enhance the predictability of the cellular responses to various material surfaces and characteristics. The team, assisted by CI personnel, will build a collaborative research framework and proof-of-concept machine learning platform trained by experimental data gathered from cancer cell behavior on soft and hard tissue testbeds and computer simulations,



resulting in multiscale models to predict disease progression.

**Computational Approaches Pillar Goal 3.1:** Conduct interdisciplinary/transdisciplinary research in biointerfaces (the interface between engineered and biological materials) that uses advanced research computing as a conduit for intellectual and translational advances.

Specifically, this goal is the development and enhancement of computational approaches in the prediction of breast and prostate cancer tumor growth.

- **Computational Approaches Pillar Objective Pillar 3.1:** Enhance connected learning, knowledge, and application across multiscale modeling, machine learning platforms, and experimental biomaterials and cellular data, which will result in an evolutionary in-silico platform to predict tumor growth.

**Table 4. Computational Approaches Pillar Timelines of Activities, Milestones, Metrics, and Anticipated Outcomes**

CCBSE RESEARCH GOAL: Computational Approaches Pillar						
Goal 3.1: Develop and enhance computational approaches in the prediction of breast and prostate cancer tumor growth						
• Objective 3.1: Create an evolutionary in-silico platform to predict tumor growth						
Specific milestones						
Objective 3.1	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible parties
<b>Activity 1:</b> Machine learning to understand cellular and materials connections	<u>C7-ML Bone Site</u> Image recognition of cancer cells and bone cells based on existing databases and validate with 2D experiments	<u>C7-ML Bone Site</u> Image recognition of cell migration, lustering and tumor formation Role of material formulation on cellular growth in 3D	<u>C7-ML Bone Site</u> Identification of patterns in gene, protein expressions and other assay data and their relationship to tumor formation. Role of material properties formulation on cellular growth in 3D			Leads: C7-L.Liu; C8-Y.L. Loh
	<u>C8-ML Primary Site</u> Image recognition of cancer cells from other cells in tissues from databases and validate with 2D experiments	<u>C8-ML Primary Site</u> Image recognition and prediction of cell migration, clustering and tumor formation Role of material formulation on cellular growth in 3D	<u>C8-ML Primary Site</u> Identification of patterns in gene, protein expressions and other assay data and their relationship to tumor formation Role of material Properties formulation on cellular growth in 3D and prediction of optimal properties			
		Build Machine learning capacity at a PUI and determine Y3-5 PUI researcher activity	Build Machine learning capacity at a PUI. Actively collaborate with ML researchers at NDmage recognition of cell migration, clustering, and	Identification of patterns in the gene, protein expressions, and other assay data and their relationship to breast cancer tumor formation. Role of material properties		

<p><b>Activity 2:</b> Multiscale modeling with Materials Design Pillar</p>	<p><u>M1-Ab-initio/DFT</u> 10 unnatural amino acids- evaluation of partial charges. Evaluation of interactions with clay composite. Evaluation of interactions with two polymers</p> <p><u>M2-Ab-initio/DFT</u> MD model for primary site composite: evaluation of partial charges and binding sites</p> <p><u>M3-Molecular</u></p>	<p><u>M1-Ab-initio/DFT</u> Computational evaluation of additional/designer modifier molecules Evaluation of interactions with clay composite Evaluation of interactions with two polymers</p> <p><u>M2-Ab-initio/DFT</u> MD model for primary site composite with up to three formulations and densities: evaluation of partial charges and binding sites</p> <p><u>M3-Molecular</u></p>	<p>breast cancer tumor formation. Identify the role of material formulation on cellular growth in 2D</p> <p>Develop new methods to Interpret trained deep neural networks used for cancer image recognition and characterization. Propose AI-based pathfinding algorithms that could be used to quantify interactions between biological entities in an environment</p> <p><u>M1-Ab-initio/DFT</u> Computational evaluation of additional/ designer modifier molecules Evaluation of interactions with clay composite Evaluation of interactions with two polymers</p> <p><u>M2-Ab-initio/DFT</u> MD model for primary site composite with up to three additional formulations and densities: evaluation of partial charges and binding sites</p> <p><u>M3-Molecular</u></p>	<p>formulation on cellular growth in 2D</p>		<p>Lead: R. Yellavajjala</p> <p>Leads: M1 &amp; M2-M. Hoffmann; M3 &amp; M5-D. Katti M4-W. Xia; M6-T. Le</p>
--	---	--	--	---	--	--

<p><u>Dynamics MD and SMD simulations of existing PCN: Evaluation of mechanical properties at the molecular scale</u></p>	<p><u>Dynamics MD and SMD simulations of PCNs using second candidate amino acid: Evaluation of mechanical properties at the molecular scale</u></p>	<p><u>Dynamics MD and SMD simulations of PCNs using third candidate amino acid: Evaluation of mechanical properties at the molecular scale</u></p>			
<p><u>M4-Coarse Graining</u> Development of CG model for PCN and evaluation of mechanical properties</p>	<p><u>M4-Coarse Graining</u> Development of CG model for PCN with second candidate amino acid with varying polymer characteristics</p>	<p><u>M4-Coarse Graining</u> Development of CG model for PCN with third candidate amino acid with varying polymer characteristics</p>			
<p><u>M4-Coarse Graining</u> Development of CG model for PCN and evaluation of mechanical properties</p>	<p><u>M4-Coarse Graining</u> Development of CG model for PCN with second candidate amino acid with varying polymer characteristics</p>	<p><u>M4-Coarse Graining</u> Development of CG model for PCN with third candidate amino acid with varying polymer characteristics</p>			
<p><u>M5-Finite Element Modeling</u> FEM model of PCN and evaluating constitutive responses</p>	<p><u>M5-Finite Element Modeling</u> FEM model of PCN with second candidate amino acid. Evaluating constitutive responses</p>	<p><u>M5-Finite Element Modeling</u> FEM model of PCN with third candidate amino acid. Evaluating constitutive responses</p>			
<p><u>M6-Computational Fluid Dynamics</u> CFD models for scaffolds with degradation</p>	<p><u>M6-Computational Fluid Dynamics</u> CFD models for scaffolds with new formulations,</p>	<p><u>M6-Computational Fluid Dynamics</u> CFD models for scaffolds with new formulations,</p>			

<b>Activity 3:</b> Multiscale modeling with Cellular Systems Pillar	<u>C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site</u> Identification and characterization of Integrin domains interacting with clay. Identification and characterization of a representative Integrin- domains interacting with polymer. Evaluating the charge redistribution/ transfer over the substrate-protein interface	synthesis parameters and degradation characteristics <u>C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site</u> Identification and characterization of cell-cell adhesion molecule (E-Cadherin) domains at cadherin junctions and at the cell anchor site	synthesis parameters and degradation characteristics <u>C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site</u> Identification and characterization of representative Integrins (covering 4 classes)- domains interacting with clay Identification and characterization of representative Integrins (covering 4 classes)- domains interacting with polymer. Evaluating the charge redistribution/ transfer over the substrate-protein interface		<u>C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site</u> Studies on the influence of various ions on the adhesion of integrins with clay. Studies on the influence of various ions on the adhesion of integrins with polymers. Evaluating the charge redistribution/ transfer over the substrate-protein interface	C1-S. Kilina; C2-D. Cakir; C3, C5 & C11-D. Katti;C4, C9-W. Xia;
	<u>C2-Ab-initio/DFT Primary site</u> Identification and characterization of a representative Integrin- domains interacting with polymers 1 and 2. Identification and characterization of Integrin domain interacting with composites. Evaluating the charge redistribution/transfer	<u>C2-Ab-initio/DFT Primary site</u> Identification and characterization of cell-cell adhesion molecule (E-Cadherin) domains at cadherin junctions and at the cell anchor site.	<u>C2-Ab-initio/DFT Primary site</u> Identification and characterization of representative Integrins (covering 4 classes)- domains interacting with polymers 1 and 2 Identification and characterization of representative Integrins (covering 4 classes)- domains interacting with composites.	<u>C2-Ab-initio/DFT Primary site</u> Identification and characterization of additional Integrins (covering 4 classes) - domains interacting with polymers 1 and 2 Identification and characterization of additional Integrins (covering 4 classes)- domains interacting with	<u>C2-Ab-initio/DFT Primary site</u> Studies on the influence of various ions on the adhesion of integrins with polymers. Evaluating the charge redistribution/ transfer over the substrate-protein interface	C6-T. Le C10-M. Hoffmann

	<p>over the substrate-protein interface</p> <p><u>C3-Molecular Dynamics</u> Mechanics of Actin and actin dynamics Model construction of representative Integrin</p> <p><u>C4-Coarse Graining</u> CG model of multiple integrins with PCN: evaluation of the mechanics of the interphase</p> <p><u>C5-Finite Element Modeling</u> Development of cancer cell model on PCN</p>	<p><u>C3-Molecular Dynamics</u> Mechanics of Actin and actin dynamics with polymerization/depolymerization genes. Mechanics of representative Integrin on PCN and polymers</p> <p><u>4-Coarse Graining</u> CG model of multiple integrins with primary site polymers: evaluation of the mechanics of the interphase</p> <p><u>C5-Finite Element Modeling</u> Simulations of experiments to evaluate cell substrate adhesion</p>	<p>Evaluating the charge redistribution/transfer over the substrate-protein interface.</p> <p><u>C3,C9,C10-Molecular Dynamics</u> Mechanics of E-Cadherin junctions Mechanics of representative Integrin molecules on PCN and polymers</p> <p><u>C4-Coarse Graining</u> CG model of six integrins with bone site and primary site polymers: evaluation of the mechanics of the interphase</p> <p><u>C5-Finite Element Modeling</u> Simulations of experiments to evaluate cell substrate adhesion, incorporating actin properties from MD and updated properties of interphase obtained from CG,</p>	<p>composites.</p> <p>Evaluating the charge redistribution/transfer over the substrate-protein interface</p> <p><u>C3, C9, C10-Molecular Dynamics</u> Mechanics of additional Integrin molecules on PCN and polymers</p> <p><u>C4-Coarse Graining</u> CG model of additional six integrins with bone site and primary site polymers: evaluation of the mechanics of the interphase</p>		
--	--	---	--	--	--	--

<p><b>Activity 4:</b> Machine learning to develop the in-silico platform</p>	<p><u>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics</u> CFD models for scaffolds with cellular growth of MSCs</p>	<p><u>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics</u> CFD models for scaffolds with cellular growth of MSCs cocultured with prostate cancer cells</p>	<p>to develop continuum adhesion models. Development of FEM models for Cell-Cell adhesion</p> <p><u>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics</u> CFD models for scaffolds with cellular growth of MSCs cocultured with breast cancer cells</p> <p><u>C12, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Bone Site</u> Development and training of ML system with cancer progression (cell-cell adhesion and cell-substrate adhesion) data,</p>	<p><u>C11-Multibody dynamics simulations integrated with Finite Element Modeling</u> Modeling of cell migration on substrates</p> <p><u>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics</u> Parametric studies on scaffold and bioreactor geometry using CFD models with cellular growth of MSCs cocultured with prostate and breast cancer cells to aid in the development of scaffold pore geometry and bioreactors</p> <p><u>C12, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Bone Site</u> Training of ML system with cancer progression (cell-cell adhesion and cell-substrate adhesion) data, tumor formation</p>	<p><u>C11-Multibody dynamics simulations integrated with Finite Element Modeling</u> Modeling of cell clustering on substrates</p> <p><u>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics</u> CFD models and simulations for cell transport to and through scaffolds to mimic cancer cell adhesion during metastasis</p> <p><u>C12, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Bone Site</u> Additional training of ML system with cancer progression (cell-cell adhesion and cell-substrate adhesion) data, tumor formation</p>	<p>C12-L. Liu (lead); C13-Y.L. Loh (lead); C14-W. Xia</p>
--	---	---	---	---	--	---

			<p>biointerface parameters from multiscale modeling and experimental data (images and gene/protein expressions, material properties) from Cellular Systems Pillar and Materials Design Pillar</p> <p><u>C13, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML</u></p> <p><u>Primary Site</u> Development and training of ML system with cancer progression (cell-cell adhesion and cell-substrate adhesion) data, biointerface parameters from multiscale modeling and experimental data from Cellular Systems and Materials Design Pillars</p>	<p>data, biointerface parameters from multiscale modeling and experimental data (images and gene/protein expressions, material properties) from Cellular Systems Pillar and Materials Design Pillar (e.g., material properties, surface characteristics, chemistry, porosity, 3D confinement, adhesion proteins, interacting protein domains, ECM characteristic).</p> <p>Evaluate accuracy of predictions with separate datasets</p> <p><u>C13, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML</u></p> <p><u>Primary Site</u> Training of ML system with cancer progression (cell- cell adhesion and cell-substrate adhesion) data, tumor formation data, biointerface parameters from multiscale modeling and experimental data from Cellular Systems and Materials Design Pillars.</p>	<p>data, biointerface parameters from multiscale modeling and experimental data (images and gene/protein expressions, material properties) from Cellular Systems and Materials Design Pillars.</p> <p>Evaluate accuracy of predictions with separate datasets</p> <p><u>C13, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML</u></p> <p><u>Primary Site</u> Additional training of ML system with cancer progression (cell-cell adhesion and cell-substrate adhesion) data, tumor formation data, biointerface parameters from multiscale modeling and experimental data from Cellular Systems and Materials Design</p>	<p>15-M. Hoffmann; C16-D. Katti; C18-T. Le</p>
--	--	--	--	--	---	--



<p><b>Activity 5:</b> Design Rules</p>				<p>Evaluate accuracy of predictions with separate datasets</p> <p><u>C17, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C18- Formulation of draft design rules for materials and scaffolds</u></p> <p>Interrogating the ML system to develop design rules for materials and scaffolds used for cancer progression experiments</p>	<p>Pillars.</p> <p>Evaluate accuracy of predictions with separate datasets</p> <p>Primary site: Development and training of ML system with cancer progression (cell-cell adhesion and cell-substrate adhesion) data, biointerface parameters from multiscale modeling and experimental data from Cellular Systems and Materials Design Pillars</p> <p><u>C17, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C18- Formulation of updated design rules for materials and scaffolds</u></p> <p>Interrogating the ML system along with feedback from experiments using rules from previous iteration to develop design rules for materials and scaffolds used for cancer progression experiments</p>	<p>Lead: M. Fries, D. Katti, M. Hoffmann, L. Liu, Y.L. Loh</p> <p>C12-L. Liu; C13-Y.L. Loh; C14-W. Xia C15-M. Hoffmann; C16-D. Katti; C17- All Pillar and science leads C18-T. Le</p>
--	--	--	--	--	---	---

Milestone metrics for Computational Approaches Pillar					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Objective 3.1	<p><u>Activity 1:</u></p> <p>Bone site - Classification Accuracy <math>\geq 0.4</math></p> <p>Primary site - Datasets generation from composite data sources for ML model training &amp; identification of best performing ML algorithms for image recognition of the 4 types of cancer cells on bone stem cells</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u></p> <p>M1-Ab-initio/DFT - Obtain binding interface information at the atomistic level</p> <p>M2-Ab-initio/DFT - Building atomistic models to understand interfaces</p> <p>M3-Molecular Dynamics - Successful model development</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u></p> <p>Bone site - Classification Accuracy <math>\geq 0.5</math></p> <p>Primary site - 1) Datasets generation for the cellular growth-material formulation using data from experimentalists and other collaborators</p> <p>Identification of high performing ML algorithms on image recognition for cell migration and clustering</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u></p> <p>M1-Ab-initio/DFT - Obtain binding interface information at the atomistic level</p> <p>M2-Ab-initio/DFT - Building atomistic models to understand interfaces</p> <p>M3-Molecular Dynamics - Successful model development; compare mechanical properties with nanoindentation with results within an order of magnitude</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u></p> <p>Bone site – Classification Accuracy <math>\geq 0.6</math></p> <p>Primary site - Determination of patterns &amp; optimal properties via ML</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u></p> <p>M1-Ab-initio/DFT - Obtain binding interface information at the atomistic level</p> <p>M2-Ab-initio/DFT - Building atomistic models to understand interfaces</p> <p>M3-Molecular Dynamics - Successful model development; compare mechanical properties with nanoindentation with results within an order of magnitude</p>		

	<p>M4-Coarse Graining - CG model of clay developed; CG model of polymer developed; CG force field validated</p> <p>M5-Finite Element Modeling - Successful model development</p> <p>M6-Deterministic models for degrading scaffold under shear flows developed; Rate of degrading validated</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site - Creation of reduced models for integrin domains, nanoclays, and polymers</p>	<p>M4-Coarse Graining - CG model of clay developed; CG model of PCN developed; CG force field validated</p> <p>M5-Finite Element Modeling - Successful model development. Elastic modulus within an order of magnitude of nanoindentation/ macroscale experiments</p> <p>M6-Computational Fluid Dynamics - Range of model parameters for degradable scaffold established; Models for cell interaction and migration developed</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site - Validation and improvement of reduced models for nanoclays and polymers interacting with Integrin domains</p>	<p>M4-Coarse Graining - CG model of clay developed; CG model of PCN developed; CG force field validated</p> <p>M5-Finite Element Modeling - Successful model development. Elastic modulus within an order of magnitude of nanoindentation/ macroscale experiments</p> <p>M6-Computational Fluid Dynamics - Multi-resolution CFD model for scaffold developed; Local distribution of shear stresses in complex geometries validated</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site</p>	<p><u>Activity 3:</u> C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site</p>	<p><u>Activity 3:</u> C1-Ab-initio/DFT Bone site</p>
	<p>C2-Ab-initio/DFT - Building atomistic models to model bio-interfaces</p> <p>C3-Molecular Dynamics - Successful model development of</p>	<p>C2-Ab-initio/DFT - Building atomistic models to represent/model bio-interfaces</p> <p>C3-Molecular Dynamics - Successful model development of actin and depolymerization genes;</p>	<p>C2-Ab-initio/DFT Primary site - Building atomistic models to model bio interfaces</p> <p>C3, C9, C10-Molecular Dynamics - Determine the mechanical properties of E-</p>	<p>C2-Ab-initio/DFT Primary site</p> <p>C3, C9, C10-Molecular Dynamics - Determine the mechanical properties of the additional six integrin</p>	<p>C2-Ab-initio/DFT Primary site - Building atomistic models to represent/model bio-interfaces</p> <p>C11-Multibody dynamics simulations</p>

<p>actin and integrin. Obtaining mechanical properties of actin from SMD</p> <p>C4-Coarse Graining - CG model of integrins developed; Integrins-PCN interfacial interactions captured by CG modeling</p> <p>C5-Finite Element Modeling - Successful development of FEM cell model</p>	<p>integrin on surfaces; Obtaining mechanical properties of actin and integrin from SMD</p> <p>C4-Coarse Graining – Continued</p> <p>C5-Finite Element Modeling –Successful development of FEM cell model on substrate; incorporation of adhesion parameters from C1 through C4; calibration with experiments</p>	<p>Cadherin junctions; Determine the mechanical properties of the integrin molecules on PCN and polymers</p> <p>C4-Coarse Graining - Mechanical properties of interphases obtained with CG modeling for six integrins and varying interfacial design parameters</p> <p>C5-Finite Element Modeling - Successful development of FEM cell model on substrate and Cell-Cell adhesion model; incorporation of adhesion parameters from C1 through C4; calibration with experiments</p>	<p>molecules on PCN and polymers</p> <p>C4-Coarse Graining - Mechanical properties of interphases obtained with CG modeling for additional six integrins with extended interfacial design parameters</p>	<p>integrated with Finite Element Modeling - Successful development of multibody dynamics simulations model for cell migration</p>
<p>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics - Continuum representation of actin networks in cell membrane developed; Cell adhesion model developed and validated</p>	<p>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics - Models for cell migration on a clay substrate developed and validated</p>	<p>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics - CFD simulations of flows around groups of cancer cells populated on a substrate</p>	<p>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics - Using measures such as cell density and alignment to validate CFD models for cellular migration on the surface of scaffold</p>	<p>C6-Computational Fluid Dynamics - Full-scale simulation of cell migration in a bio-reactor. Resolution provides from millimeter to micrometer (three order of magnitudes). Flow distribution and shear stresses will be provided in all pores of the scaffold</p>
		<p><u>Activity 4:</u></p>	<p><u>Activity 4:</u></p>	<p><u>Activity 4:</u></p>

		<p>C12, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Bone Site - Obtain the knowledge to construct preliminary rules of designing new scaffold materials for bone site. Classification Accuracy <math>\geq 0.6</math></p>	<p>C12, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Bone Site - Obtain the knowledge to construct fundamental rules of designing new scaffold materials for bone site; Classification Accuracy <math>\geq 0.7</math>; Generate simulated datasets under perturbed conditions and use those datasets to build ML models for cell migration; ML predictive models derived; ML model predictions validated against modeling and experiments</p>	<p>C12, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Bone Site - Accuracy <math>\geq 0.8</math>; ML predictive models derived; ML model predictions validated against modeling and experiments; obtain the knowledge to construct fundamental rules of designing new scaffold materials for bone site</p>
		<p>C13, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Primary Site - Obtain the knowledge to construct preliminary rules of designing new scaffold materials for primary site. Statistical and reduced order models will be developed to predict where cancer cells migrate and grow</p>	<p>C12, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Bone Site - ML predictive models derived; ML model predictions validated against modeling and experiments; obtain the knowledge to construct fundamental rules of designing new scaffold materials for bone site</p> <p>C13, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Primary Site - ML predictive models derived; ML model predictions validated against modeling and experiments; obtain the knowledge to construct fundamental rules of designing new scaffold</p>	<p>C13, C14, C15, C16, C18-ML Primary Site - Accuracy <math>\geq 0.8</math>; ML predictive models derived; ML model predictions validated against modeling and experiments; obtain the knowledge to construct fundamental rules of designing new scaffold materials for primary site</p>

		<p>materials for primary site</p> <p><u>Activity 5:</u> C17, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C18-</p> <p>Parameter-structure-property relationships drawn for design of materials; optimized design parameters identified; develop design rules (geometry, material properties) for fluid flows in degradable scaffolds</p>	<p><u>Activity 5:</u> C17, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C18-</p> <p>Formulation of updated design rules for materials and scaffolds</p> <p>- Parameter-structure-property relationships refined for design of materials; materials design parameters finalized; validate design rules and establish optimized ranges of parameters</p>
--	--	--	--

Across this Pillar	Anticipated Outcomes of Computational Approaches Pillar	
	Short-term (5 Years) (changes in knowledge or capacities)	Long-term (10 Years) (changes in actions or conditions)
Goal 3.1	<p>Build capacity - researchers and students in computational areas of multiscale modeling and machine learning targeted towards biomedical research.</p> <p>Development of robust computational models spanning multiple length scales for tissue engineered scaffolds and cells seeded on scaffolds. This will lead to enhanced understanding of cell adhesion mechanisms on materials and the understanding of mechanisms that influence mechanical properties of materials and scaffolds.</p> <p>Development of ML tools/processes to predict cellular behavior on tissue engineering materials and scaffolds leading to proof of concept for using ML for predicting cancer progression in <i>in vitro</i> systems.</p>	<p>Increased workforce in the region trained in leveraging computations for discoveries and design in biomedical fields. Increased graduate student enrollment in programs such as biomedical engineering, materials and nanotechnology, computer science with research focus in biomedical areas. New research center(s) such as ERCs, MERSECs focused on translational biomedical research driven by computations. Support biomedical companies (startups and existing) with technologies, IP and workforce.</p> <p>Collaborate with physicians to validate and revise predictive models and findings with patient data for potential deployment for real world applications.</p>
Overall Outcomes	Enhanced understanding of biointerfaces via computations and their role on cellular response and development of design rules for materials design.	Predictive tools for cancer progression.

### ***CCBSE - Overall Summary***

As previously stated, the core goal of the CCBSE is to expand bioscience research capacity in improved soft tissue and bone-mimetic scaffolds and models that create and increase the knowledge and advanced understanding of the biochemistry and cell biology of cancer cells and tumors. This goal will be accomplished through the successful completion of the Materials Design Pillar, Cellular Systems Pillar, and Computational Approaches Pillar metrics outlined above in Tables 2, 3, and 4. Additional CCBSE outcomes that will be obtained through the combined efforts of the three Pillars are outlined in Table 5. Success of the core goal lays the foundation for the secondary goal to increase capacity and knowledge in the area of nanoparticle-based delivery systems by pursuing developmental research, which is a long-term goal for the CCBSE and not a part of the ND-ACES project.

**Table 5. CCBSE Timeline Activities, Milestones, Metrics and Anticipated Outcomes**

CCBSE RESEARCH: Overall					
Core Goal: Expand bioscience research capacity in improved soft tissue and bone-mimetic scaffolds and models that create and increase the knowledge and advanced understanding of the biochemistry and cell biology of cancer cells and tumors					
CCBSE Strategies	Specific milestones				
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Strategy 1: Construct innovative 3D biocompatible structures of hard and soft tissues	Successful completion of Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillar Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillar Y2 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillar Y3 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillar Y4 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design and Computational Approaches Pillar Y5 activities, objectives, and goals
Strategy 2: Design novel cell culture paradigms to accurately model <i>in vivo</i> tumor cell biology	Successful completion of Cellular Systems Pillar Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Cellular Systems Pillar Y2 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Cellular Systems Pillar Y3 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Cellular Systems Pillar Y4 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Cellular Systems Pillar Y1 activities Y5 activities, objectives, and goals
Strategy 3: Provide a fundamental understanding of biointerfaces that adapts to biomedical and biotechnology research and translates to industry	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y2 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y3 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y4 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y5 activities, objectives, and goals
Strategy 4: Use iterative computational learning to establish models capable of predicting cell responses on 3D biointerfaces	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y2 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y3 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y4 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Materials Design, Cellular Systems, and Computational Approaches Pillar Y5 activities, objectives, and goals



Secondary Goal: Increase capacity and knowledge in the area of nanoparticle-based delivery systems by pursuing developmental research					
CCBSE Strategies	Specific Milestones				
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Strategy 4: Use iterative computational learning to establish models capable of predicting cell responses on 3D biointerfaces	Outside the scope of ND-ACES. However, knowledge gained in ND-ACES (Years 1-5) will serve as the basis for this long-term strategy				
Strategy 5: Develop an understanding of polymer nanoparticles as a surrogate for vascular transport of effector molecules	Outside the scope of ND-ACES				
Overall milestone metrics for CCCBSE, in addition to those outlined in Tables 3, 4, and 5					
Number of new hires					2
Total number of peer-review publications					140
Number of collaborative products/outputs (one senior author from two or more ND-ACES institutions)					70
Total number of conference presentations by CCBSE senior personnel					90
Total number of submitted research proposals (PI/Co-PI from two or more ND-ACES institutions)					50
Number of submitted collaborative proposals					25
Number of CAREER proposals submitted					2-4
Total external research funding (million \$) – 5-year total is cumulative					\$25M
Number of projects funded with private sector partners					12
Number of graduate students trained (some may be counted in multiple years)					140
Number of conference presentations by graduate students (oral and poster)					120
Number of undergraduate students trained (some may be counted in multiple years)					70

Number of conference presentations by undergraduate students (oral and poster)	80
Seed Funding: seed funding support of \$60,000 in Translational Research Initiative Project and an additional \$101,655 in other research opportunity support – 5-year total is cumulative	\$161,655
Number of CCBSE research participant meetings (to be scheduled monthly)	50-60

Across the CCBSE	Anticipated Outcomes of CCBSE	
	Short-term (5 Years) (changes in knowledge or capacities)	Long-term (10 Years) (changes in actions or conditions)
Meet CCBSE's Core Goal	Create new knowledge that expands ND's bioscience research, capacity, and expertise; catalyze ND's research/ computing capabilities; increase success in federal funding; support the translation of research into use; and have impact beyond the project with partnerships and expanded internships.	Effect sustainable engagement and support of project participants and supply research outcomes for growing/new bioscience ventures and partners.

### ***PROSPER Implementation***

Expanding North Dakota's emerging biosciences capacity through a STEM-enabled, well-trained workforce positions ND-ACES as North Dakota's leading scientific and educational resource and will signify successful completion of this important work. PROSPER efforts incorporate both faculty and students at all 10 participating institutions in collaborative research (and one institution, SBC, has chosen to focus solely on outreach), early career development, education enhancement, and outreach to increase the abilities of early career faculty, increase advanced scientific computing capabilities, and broaden the participation and number of STEM undergraduate and graduate students. North Dakota's K-12 sectors are also crucial to a sustainable ND STEM pathway; thus, another key component will be education and outreach in rural and tribal K-12 schools. Teachers, particularly those in grades 6-12, will engage in professional development activities where they will learn about tools to expose and engage their students in biosciences inquiry. Additionally, to bring the new knowledge and companion products to industry, focused activities will build or expand on existing collaborative industry/medical partnerships. Finally, a suite of communication activities will engage, inform, and educate ND stakeholders and citizens, as well as national audiences about ND-ACES scientific and outreach efforts. PROSPER is comprised of four sections/elements: 1) EWD; 2) BP; 3) Partnerships and Collaborations; and, 3) Communication and Dissemination.

### ***PROSPER EWD***

EWD will facilitate a variety of activities that grow knowledge, motivate innovation, and develop talent in materials engineering, cell biology, and computational sciences with special emphasis on the inclusive excellence of underrepresented groups (e.g., women, and racial and ethnic minorities) along the education/career continuum. The goal of this Pillar is outlined below and in detail, by year, in the corresponding table of milestone activities and metrics (Table 6).

Working in close conjunction with all ND-ACES participants, this initiative supports faculty professional development, student training, and K-12 student bioscience, engineering, and computational exposure. This group's efforts link to ND-ACES tracks 2, 4, and 5 (which are adopted as the Strategies for EWD) and integrate with the CCBSE goals.

**EWD Element Goal 4.1:** Strengthen North Dakota's bioscience/STEM ecosystem by building a diverse pool of competitive researchers, skilled workers, effective educators, and engaged students.

- **EWD Element Objective 4.1a:** Retain/advance CCBSE's early-career faculty and graduate students in bioscience/STEM careers and disciplines, particularly those from underrepresented groups (e.g., women, and racial and ethnic minorities).
- **EWD Element Objective 4.1b:** Engage/develop K-16 student interest in bioscience/STEM careers and disciplines, particularly those from underrepresented groups (e.g., women, and racial and ethnic minorities).

**Table 6. EWD Element Timeline of Activities, Milestones, Metrics, and Anticipated Outcomes**

BROADER IMPACTS/PROSPER GOAL: EWD Element						
Goal 4.1: Strengthen North Dakota’s bioscience/STEM ecosystem by building a diverse pool of competitive researchers, skilled workers, effective educators, and engaged students						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Objective 4.1a: Retain/advance CCBSE’s early career faculty and graduate students</li> <li>Objective 4.1b: Engage/develop K-16 student interest in biosciences</li> </ul>						
Specific milestones						
Objective 4.1a	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Responsible parties
<b>Activity 1:</b> Early Career Faculty Mentoring Program	Set baseline for Early Career Faculty professional/ technical skills, self-efficacy, persistence intentions, retention, sense of belonging and scholarly productivity. Hold monthly Pillar meetings between CCBSE research leads and faculty as a means of providing mentoring and guidance to ECF faculty. Gather information from ECF about their mentorship and professional development needs. Identify mentor training materials and/or programs	Two new faculty will be hired. Hold monthly Pillar meetings between CCBSE research leads and faculty as a means of providing mentoring and guidance to ECF faculty. PROSPER personnel (at least 2) will engage in training and/or independent study in mentorship best practices via the CIMER Project ( <a href="https://cimerproject.org/">https://cimerproject.org/</a> ) (Summer-Fall 2021). CIMER Project Trained PROSPER	Hold monthly Pillar meetings between CCBSE research leads and faculty as a means of providing mentoring and guidance to ECF faculty. CIMER Project Trained PROSPER personnel will then train 25% ND ACES CBBSE Faculty in mentorship best practices	Hold monthly Pillar meetings between CCBSE research leads and faculty as a means of providing mentoring and guidance to ECF faculty	Hold monthly Pillar meetings between CCBSE research leads and faculty as a means of providing mentoring and guidance to ECF faculty	Lead: R. Navarro, D. Condry

		personnel will then train 25% ND ACES CBBSE Faculty in mentorship best practices				
<b>Activity 2:</b> Early Career Faculty Professional Development Activities	Identify or develop in-person and Web-based ECF professional development activities	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: R. Navarro, D. Condry
<b>Activity 3:</b> Student Research Training Groups (RTG)	Establish student mentor-mentee relationships and train students in research and technical scientific communication skills & set baselines for student professional/technical skills, self-efficacy, persistence intentions, retention, sense of belonging, and scholarly productivity	Student mentor-Mentee relationships will be revisited, creating new relationships for new students and revising ones that necessitate changes, and transitioning graduate students from mentee to mentor as appropriate	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: D. Condry, R. Navarro
<b>Activity 4a:</b> Graduate Student Cyber-Infrastructure	Graduate students will receive CI training and support	Continue to provide CI support to graduate students and conduct a Cyberinfrastructure (CI) Needs Survey of the ND-ACES	Continue to provide CI support to graduate students and based on the results of the Y2 survey and input from the CCBSE Computational Approaches Pillar Leads, CCAST	Continued	Continued	Lead: A. Bergstrom, K. Hoang,

<b>Activity 4b:</b> STEM Teaching Assistantship		CCBSE pillar (Computational, Materials, and Cellular) senior personnel (CCBSE researchers) and their graduate students  Doctoral and/or Masters students receive and complete teaching assistantships at TCUs/PUIs/MCU	(NDSU's HPC center) and CRC (UND's HPC center) will: 1) each develop a new, or customize an existing, CI workshop, which will be offered a min of at least once per year and 2) provide CI training to CCBSE faculty researchers and graduate students Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: Lisa Montplaisir, J. Momsen
<b>Objective 4.1b</b>	<b>Specific milestones</b>					
	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	<b>Responsible parties</b>
<b>Activity 1:</b> Distributed Research Experience for Undergraduates (dREU)	Distributed REU students placed. IRB will be written	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Leads: D. Condry
<b>Activity 2:</b> Engage grade 6-12 students in Nature/Sunday Academy	Set baselines for Grade 6-12 students (i.e., Nature/Sunday Academy participants) beliefs and attitudes about, interests in, and intentions to pursue bioscience/STEM	Increased numbers over baseline	Increased numbers over prior year	Increased numbers over prior year	Increased numbers over prior year	Leads: R. Navarro, B. Heidinger

<b>Activity 3:</b> Training of Rural and tribal K-12 teachers in the use of PROSPER bioscience modules	disciplines Plan and start developing PROSPER bioscience modules	Module 1 implemented, Module 2 developed, and K-12 teachers trained	Module 1 refined, Module 2 implemented, and K-12 teacher training continued	Module 1 disseminated, Module 2 refined, and K-12 teacher training continued	Modules 1 and 2 disseminated and K-12 teacher training continued	Lead: R. Summers,
<b>Activity 4:</b> Pre-service STEM teachers will engage in rural/tribal student teaching experiences	Establish pilot program that places preservice student teachers in rural/tribal schools in the Spring 2021	Expand program to all pre-service teacher candidates at ND-ACES affiliated RUs, PUIs, and MCU in Fall 2021. Place two Preservice Student teachers in rural/tribal schools in Fall 2021 and Spring 2022	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: R. Summers,
<b>Across this Element</b>	<b>Milestone metrics for EWD Element</b>					
	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	
Objective 4.1a	<u>Activity 1:</u> ECFs retained. Set baselines. Monthly Pillar meetings held between CCBSE research leads and faculty as a means of providing mentoring and guidance to ECF faculty. Information	<u>Activity 1:</u> ECFs retained. 1 new faculty member hired at NDSU and 1 new faculty member hired at UND. Meet/ exceed baselines. Monthly Pillar meetings held between CCBSE research leads and faculty. Minimum of two EWD Personnel trained and prepared to	<u>Activity 1:</u> ECFs and new hires retained. Meet/ exceed baselines. Monthly Pillar meetings held between CCBSE research leads and faculty. Train an additional 25% of ND-ACES CCBSE Senior Faculty in mentorship best practices by June 30, 2023	<u>Activity 1:</u> ECFs and new hires retained. Meet/exceed baselines. Monthly Pillar meetings held between CCBSE research leads and faculty	<u>Activity 1:</u> ECFs and new hires retained. Meet/exceed baselines. Monthly Pillar meetings held between CCBSE research leads and faculty	

	gathered from ECF about their mentorship and professional development needs	facilitator training for all ND-ACES CCBSE faculty in mentorship best practices (Summer- Fall 2021). Train 25% ND ACES CBBSE Faculty in mentorship best practices by June 30, 2022			
	<u>Activity 2:</u> Develop list of ECF professional development activities available and disseminated to ECFs (alternatively develop and implement 2 PD activities); track engagement with PD activities with goal that at least 70% of ECF participate	<u>Activity 2:</u> Develop list of ECF professional development activities available and disseminated to ECFs (alternatively develop and implement 3 PD activities); track engagement with PD activities with goal that at least 70% of ECF participate	<u>Activity 2:</u> Develop list of ECF professional development activities available and disseminated to ECFs (alternatively develop and implement 3 PD activities); track engagement with PD activities with goal that at least 70% of ECF participate	<u>Activity 2:</u> Develop list of ECF professional development activities available and disseminated to ECFs (alternatively develop and implement 3 PD activities); track engagement with PD activities with goal that at least 70% of ECF participate	<u>Activity 2:</u> Develop list of ECF professional development activities available and disseminated to ECFs (alternatively develop and implement 2 PD activities); track engagement with PD activities with goal that at least 70% of ECF participate
	<u>Activity 3:</u> 10 mentor/mentor/mentee pairs will be established; mentor/mentee pairs will meet monthly; mentee individual development plan created; 50% of RTG students present work at one regional/national meeting; set baselines	<u>Activity 3:</u> 10 mentor/mentee pairs will be maintained or established; mentor/mentee pairs will meet monthly; mentee individual development plan created; 80% of students present work at one regional/national meeting; 75% of students publish (first author) paper prior to graduation; meet/exceed baselines	<u>Activity 3:</u> 10 mentor/mentee pairs will be maintained or established; mentor/mentee pairs will meet monthly; transition from mentee to mentor for graduate students progressing; mentee individual development plan created; 80% of students present work at one regional/national meeting; 75% of students publish (first author) paper prior to graduation; meet/exceed	<u>Activity 3:</u> 10 mentor/mentee pairs will be maintained or established; mentor/mentee pairs will meet monthly; transition from mentee to mentor for graduate students progressing; mentee individual development plan created; 80% of students present work at one regional/national meeting; 75% of students publish (first author) paper prior to	<u>Activity 3:</u> 10 mentor/mentee pairs will be maintained or established; mentor/mentee pairs will meet monthly; transition from mentee to mentor for graduate students progressing; mentee individual development plan created; 80% of students present work at one regional/national meeting; 75% of students publish (first



	<p><u>Activity 4a:</u> 30% of the total participants are trained</p>	<p><u>Activity 4a:</u> 80% response from CCBSE researchers and graduate students to the CI Needs Survey</p>	<p>baselines</p> <p><u>Activity 4a:</u> 2 (1 from CCAST and 1 from CRC) new or customized CI workshops developed Both workshops offered at least once during Y3</p> <p>10% of CCBSE researchers and graduate students participate in the Y3 workshop or other CI training programs</p>	<p>graduation; meet/exceed baselines</p> <p><u>Activity 4a:</u> 2 (1 from CCAST and 1 from CRC) new or customized CI workshops developed</p> <p>Both workshops offered at least once during Y4</p> <p>10% of CCBSE researchers and graduate students participate in the Y4 workshop or other CI training programs</p>	<p>author) paper prior to graduation; meet/exceed baselines</p> <p><u>Activity 4a:</u> 2 (1 from CCAST and one from CRC) new or customized CI workshops developed</p> <p>Both workshops offered at least once during Y5</p> <p>10% of CCBSE researchers and graduate students participate in the Y5 workshop or other CI training programs</p>
	<p>2 CI assistantships offered; 2 CI GRAs hired</p> <p><u>Activity 4b:</u> THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN MOVED TO Y2 DUE TO COVID-19</p>	<p>2 CI GRAs hired</p> <p><u>Activity 4b:</u> Explore virtual options for doctoral student assistants</p> <p>Reallocate unused funding to additional TCU/PUI/MCU faculty time.</p>	<p>2 CI GRAs hired</p> <p><u>Activity 4b:</u> 1-2 GTAs hired</p> <p>Incorporate virtual options into the program</p>	<p>2 CI GRAs hired</p> <p><u>Activity 4b:</u> 1-2 GTAs hired</p> <p>Continued</p>	<p>2 CI GRAs hired</p> <p><u>Activity 4b:</u> 1-2 GTAs hired</p> <p>Continued</p>
	<p><u>Activity 5:</u> N/A</p>	<p><u>Activity 5:</u> 95% of participants presenting</p>	<p><u>Activity 5:</u> 95% of participants presenting</p>	<p><u>Activity 5:</u> 95% of participants presenting</p>	<p><u>Activity 5:</u> 95% of participants presenting</p>
Objective 4.1b	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 6 dREU students complete research, and present at the state conference and undergraduate research showcase</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 12 dREU students complete research and present at the state conference and undergraduate research showcase</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 12 dREU students complete research, and present at the state conference and undergraduate research showcase</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 12 dREU students complete research, and present at the state conference and undergraduate research showcase</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 6 dREU students complete research, and present at the state conference and undergraduate research showcase; 50% of dREU students</p>

					matriculate to graduate/professional school; 8 dREU students in graduate/ professional school
	<u>Activity 2</u> : Baselines set	<u>Activity 2</u> : Meet/exceed baselines	<u>Activity 2</u> : Meet/exceed prior year's numbers	<u>Activity 2</u> : Meet/exceed prior year's numbers	<u>Activity 2</u> : Met/exceed prior year's numbers
	<u>Activity 3</u> : Module 1 developed	<u>Activity 3</u> : Baselines number of teachers reached set via Module 1. Module 2 developed	<u>Activity 3</u> : Meet/exceed prior year's training numbers via Lesson plan 1 and 2	<u>Activity 3</u> : Meet/exceed prior year's training numbers	<u>Activity 3</u> : 100 total teachers trained over 5-year period
	<u>Activity 4</u> : 2 pre-service teachers trained and placed in Spring 2021 semester	<u>Activity 4</u> : 2 pre-service teachers trained each semester (Fall/Spring); 2 pre-services teachers placed each semester	<u>Activity 4</u> : 2 pre-service teachers trained each semester; 2 pre-services teachers placed each semester	<u>Activity 4</u> : 2 pre-service teachers trained each semester; 2 pre-services teachers placed each semester	<u>Activity 4</u> : 2 pre-service teachers trained each semester; 2 pre-services teachers placed each semester
<b>Across this Element</b>	<b>Anticipated Outcomes of EWD Element</b>				
	<b>Short-term (5 Years) (changes in knowledge or capacities)</b>		<b>Long-term (10 Years) (changes in actions or conditions)</b>		
Objective 4.1a	Establish diverse and sustainable bioscience/STEM education and professional pathways for early career and graduate students in ND-ACES, particularly those from underrepresented groups (e.g., women and racial ethnic minorities) and establish CI and college teaching opportunities for STEM graduate students.		Foster ongoing development of skilled and diverse bioscience/STEM workforce in the state of North Dakota through continued engagement and support of early career faculty and graduate students and expand use of cyberinfrastructure across the state through continued training of graduate students in this area.		
Objective 4.1b	Establish diverse and sustainable bioscience/STEM education and professional pathways for K-16 students throughout the state of ND, particularly those from rural and tribal communities.		Foster ongoing development of skilled and diverse bioscience/STEM workforce through sustained engagement and support of K-16 students and K-12 teachers in North Dakota.		

Overall Outcomes	<p>Establish mentoring programs and professional development activities as a means of improving early career faculty and graduate students' professional/technical skills, self-efficacy, intentions to persist in the field, actual retention in the field, sense of belonging and scholarly productivity; establish research training experiences that bolster K-16 students' interests in bioscience/STEM with hopes of broadening their participation in bioscience/STEM education and career opportunities, particularly those from underrepresented groups; establish student teaching experience in rural and tribal communities that promotes bioscience/STEM activities and increases the number of qualified STEM teachers in these communities; establish professional development opportunities for rural and tribal K-12 teachers focused on increasing their proficiency in bioscience/STEM education.</p>	<p>Impact the state's economy and expand bioscience research and education to schools beyond the RUs</p>
------------------	--	--

### ***PROSPER Broadening Participation (BP)***

The BP initiative includes all ND-ACES participants in supporting American Indians and other underserved groups along the bioscience's pathway.

The team will increase the participation of underrepresented/underserved groups engaged in bioscience education and disciplines. The goal of this Pillar is outlined below and in detail, by year, in the corresponding table of milestone activities and metrics (Table 7).

This group's efforts link to ND-ACES tracks 1, 2, 4, and 5 and integrate with the CCBSE goals.

**BP Element Goal 5.1:** Open pathways in North Dakota's bioscience sector for increased interest, access, and contribution by underrepresented/underserved groups.

- **BP Element Objective 5.1:** Increase the participation of all groups engaged in bioscience education and careers.

**Table 7. BP Element Timelines of Activities, Milestones, Metrics, and Anticipated Outcomes**

BROADER IMPACTS/PROSPER GOAL: Broadening Participation Element							
Goal 5.1: Open pathways in North Dakota’s bioscience sector for increased interest, access, and contribution by underrepresented/underserved groups.							
• Objective 5.1: Increase the participation of all groups engaged in bioscience education and careers							
Objective 5.1	Specific milestones					Responsible parties	
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5		
<b>Activity 1:</b> TCU bioscience students will conduct outreach in their local K-12 schools via bioscience lesson plans	Establish a library of K-12 STEM Lesson plans from NATURE Sunday Academy STEM Modules  -	Continued  6-12 grade STEM teachers identified for Y3 and TCU student involvement planned or post-associate assistantships	Continued  Fall 2022 and Spring 2023 TCU students identified and introduced to 6-12 grade STEM teachers  6-12 grade STEM teachers track the number of TCU student/6-12 grade student interactions  6-12 grade STEM teachers provide feedback on TCU student involvement  6-12 grade STEM teachers identified for Y4 and TCU student involvement planned based on prior year’s feedback	Continued  Continued  Continued  Continued	Continued  Fall 2023 and Spring 2024 TCU students identified and introduced to 6-12 grade STEM teachers  Continued  Continued  Continued	Continued  Fall 2024 and Spring 2025 TCU students identified and introduced to 6-12 grade STEM teachers  Continued  Continued  Manuscript written and submitted that outlines process	Leads: G. López-Martínez, S. McNeil, H. Mackey

<p><b>Activity 2:</b> Support engagement in biosciences at the B.S. level (particularly for AI)</p>	<p>Engagement in biosciences at the B.S. level.</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Leads: G. López-Martínez, S. McNeil, H. Mackey, TCU ND-ACES researchers and academic officers</p>
<p><b>Activity 3:</b> TCU bioscience faculty will be offered research techniques and equipment training</p>	<p>Enhanced interdisciplinary collaborations and increased retention and advancement of faculty</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Leads: G. López-Martínez, S. McNeil, H. Mackey</p>
<p><b>Activity 4:</b> TCU camps for middle and high school kids at the four partnering TCUs</p>	<p>TCU NATURE coordinators will conduct summer camps at the four partnering TCUs</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Leads: G. López-Martínez, S. McNeil NATURE Coordinators</p>
<p><b>Activity 5:</b> Sunday Academies for middle and high school kids at the four partnering TCUs</p>	<p>TCU NATURE coordinators will be site coordinators for Sunday Academy bioscience learning modules conducted at four TCUs</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Leads: G. López-Martínez, S. McNeil, B. Heidinger, NATURE Coordinators</p>
<p><b>Activity 6:</b> Bridge camps for graduating high school seniors at the four partnering TCUs</p>	<p>TCU NATURE coordinators will be site coordinators for bridge camps at the four partnering TCUs</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Leads: G. López-Martínez, S. McNeil, NATURE Coordinators</p>
<p><b>Activity 7:</b> University Summer Camp for participants from the four</p>	<p>TCU NATURE coordinators will be site coordinators for University Summer Camp for</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Continued</p>	<p>Leads: G., López-Martínez, S. McNeil, NATURE Coordinators</p>

partnering TCUs	participants from the four partnering TCUs					
Across this Element	Milestone metrics for BP Element					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Objective 5.1	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 5 ND-ACES related bioscience lesson plans</p> <p>2 TCU students deliver the bioscience lessons to 40 students 3 NATURE students matriculating into STEM degrees (either AS or above)</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> Plan research assistantships for juniors and seniors.</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> One TCU faculty will visit CCBSE collaborators and learn a research technique/learn a HPC technique/expand knowledge in a Pillar area</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 5 additional ND-ACES related STEM lesson plans</p> <p>2 TCU students deliver STEM lessons to 60 students.</p> <p>4 NATURE students completing STEM degrees.</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 2-3 students will have received research assistantships as juniors and seniors or post-associate assistantships</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u></p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 5 additional ND-ACES related STEM lesson plans</p> <p>2 TCU students deliver STEM lessons to 60 students.</p> <p>4 NATURE students completing STEM degrees</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 2-3 additional students will have received research assistantships as juniors and seniors and 1 student will have completed their B.S. degree or post-associate assistantships</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> One additional TCU faculty will visit CCBSE collaborators and learn a research technique/learn a HPC technique/expand knowledge in a Pillar area</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 5 additional ND-ACES related STEM lesson plans</p> <p>2 TCU students deliver STEM lessons to 60 students.</p> <p>4 NATURE students completing STEM degrees</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 2-3 additional students will have received research assistantships as juniors and seniors or post-associate assistantships and 1 additional student will have completed their B.S. degree</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> One additional TCU faculty will visit CCBSE collaborators and learn a research technique/learn a HPC technique/expand knowledge in a Pillar area</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 25 ND-ACES related STEM lesson plans developed over 5 years 2 TCU students deliver STEM lessons to 280 students over 5 years</p> <p>&gt;10 NATURE students with STEM B.S and &gt;5 NATURE students with STEM graduate/professional degrees over 5 years</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 7-10 students will have received research assistantships as juniors and seniors or post-associate assistantships and 3 of those will have completed their B.S. degree over 5 years</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> Five collaborative projects using the new skills over 5 years</p>	

		Survey for TCU STEM faculty re: training preferences developed and distributed	Continued	Continued	
		Preferences prioritized	Continued	Continued	
		Collaborating institutions' faculty requested to provide training in selected areas	Continued	Continued	
	<u>Activity 4</u> 120 participants	One training video produced and released to TCU faculty <u>Activity 4:</u> 140 participants	Continued <u>Activity 4:</u> 140 participants	Continued with two training videos produced and released <u>Activity 4:</u> 140 participants	<u>Activity 4:</u> 680 participants over 5 years
	<u>Activity 5:</u> 350 participants	<u>Activity 5:</u> 350 participants	<u>Activity 5:</u> 350 participants	<u>Activity 5:</u> 350 participants	<u>Activity 5:</u> 1,750 participants over 5 years
	<u>Activity 6:</u> 10 participants	<u>Activity 6:</u> 15 participants	<u>Activity 6:</u> 15 participants	<u>Activity 6:</u> 15 participants	<u>Activity 6:</u> 55 participants over 5 years
	<u>Activity 7:</u> 20 participants	<u>Activity 7:</u> 20 participants	<u>Activity 7:</u> 20 participants	<u>Activity 7:</u> 20 participants	<u>Activity 7:</u> A total of 100 participants over 5 years
<b>Across this Element</b>	<b>Anticipated Outcomes of BP Element</b>				
	<b>Short-term (5 Years)</b> <b>(changes in knowledge or capacities)</b>		<b>Long-term (10 Years)</b> <b>(changes in actions or conditions)</b>		
Goal 5.1	More diverse and sustainable bioscience/STEM education and professional development pathways.		Increased numbers of underserved/underrepresented groups in bioscience degree programs and careers. Increased bioscience research activity at the TCU/MU/PUIs.		
Overall Outcomes	Increased institutional commitment to BP at all participating institutions.		A culture of increased BP at all participating institutions.		



## ***PROSPER Partnerships and Collaborations***

The Partnerships and Collaborations initiative builds research infrastructure and strengthens ND's research competitiveness through industry partnerships and other collaborations. Team members include the CCBSE and Pillar leads.

The team will facilitate a variety of activities that assist CCBSE researchers in forming partnerships and collaborations (particularly with industry in ND and the wider region) and promote ND's research competitiveness, innovation, and bioscience pathway development. The goal of this Pillar is outlined below and in detail, by year, in the corresponding table of milestone activities and metrics (Table 8).

This group's efforts link to ND-ACES tracks 1, 3, and 4 (which are adopted as the Strategies for Partnerships and Collaborations) and integrate with CCBSE goals.

**Partnerships and Collaborations Element Goal 6.1:** Ensure sustained educational and economic impact beyond the project through partnerships and internships.

- **Partnerships and Collaborations Element Objective 6.1a:** Expand the intellectual reach of the CCBSE by building stronger collaborations with other academic institutions and federal labs.
- **Partnerships and Collaborations Element Objective 6.1b:** Create pathways for translating research results into commercially viable end products by expanding existing and forging new bioscience partnerships with business economic development entities, and developing intellectual property (IP) and commercialization.

**Table 8. Partnerships and Collaborations Element Timelines of Activities, Milestones, Metrics, and Anticipated Outcomes**

BROADER IMPACTS/PROSPER GOAL: Partnerships and Collaborations Element						
Goal 6.1: Ensure sustained educational and economic impact beyond the project through partnerships and internships						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Objective 6.1a: Expand the intellectual reach of the CCBSE by building stronger collaborations with other academic institutions and federal labs</li> <li>Objective 6.1b: Create pathways for translating research results into commercially viable end products</li> </ul>						
Objective 6.1a	Specific milestones					Responsible parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Activity 1:</b> Determine and build upon the baseline	Survey senior personnel to establish the baseline collaborations	Build/extend baseline collaborations	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: C. Fitzgerald Co-lead: J. Mihelich,
<b>Activity 2:</b> Support participant interactions with external collaborators with travel funding			1-3 trips to external collaborators and 1-3 external collaborators coming to campuses	Continued with 2-6 total visits	Continued with 2-6 total visits	Lead: C. Fitzgerald Co-lead: J. Mihelich
<b>Activity 3:</b> Support interactions with external collaborators			Fund at least one seed award between CCBSE and an external collaborator	Continue to fund one seed award per year	Continued	Lead: C. Fitzgerald Co-lead: J. Mihelich
Objective 6.1b	Specific milestones					Responsible parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Activity 1:</b> Determine and build upon the baseline for partnerships	Survey campus industry relations offices and participants to establish the baseline for partnerships	Build/extend from baseline partnerships	Build/extend from prior year's partnerships baseline	Continued	Continued	Lead: C. Fitzgerald Co-lead: J. Mihelich, Identified subject matter experts at

<b>Activity 2:</b> Support Partnerships	Plan for Y2 communication efforts and determine measures of engagement	Provide support for current and identify next year's communication efforts	Continued	Continued	Provide support for and identify ongoing communication sustainability efforts	NDSU and UND Lead: J. Tschetter Co-lead: J. Mihelich, Identified subject matter experts at NDSU and UND
<b>Activity 3:</b> Identify ND companies using tools like NAICS	N/A	Following the April 2022 EAB meeting, together with CCBSE and Pillar leads, begin to develop a CCBSE prospectus for cultivating partnerships and exploring potential funding possibilities (BioND, EDA, SHARPhub/I-Corp, Innovate ND, Main Street, SBIR, STTR)	Finalize a CCBSE prospectus	Update CCBSE prospectus	Continued	Lead: J. Tschetter Co-leads: J. Mihelich; CCBSE leads, Pillar leads, and other identified subject matter experts at all 9 CCBSE institutions
<b>Activity 4:</b> Identify partnership opportunities		Begin to identify opportunities and determine whether actionable by CCBSE leads	Continue to identify opportunities and determine whether actionable by CCBSE leads	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Tschetter Co-leads: J. Mihelich, identified subject matter experts at NDSU and UND
<b>Activity 5:</b> Identify IP protocols at all 10 institutions	Work with campuses to identify IP protocols	Continue to work with campuses to identify IP protocols and determine how joint IP will be handled	Make necessary changes protocol document and joint IP agreement as necessary	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Tschetter Co-lead: J. Mihelich, identified subject matter experts at NDSU and UND
<b>Activity 6:</b> Understand	Work with TCU campuses located in	Continue to work with TCU	If determined in Y2, survey other AIHEC	If determined in Y2, compile	If determined in Y2, publish results from	Lead: J. Tschetter

how tribal laws impact IP disclosures	ND to identify impacts	campuses located in ND to identify impacts and determine whether to survey other AIHEC campuses	campuses	survey data from other AIHEC campuses	other AIHEC campuses	Co-lead: J. Mihelich, identified subject matter experts at NDSU and UND
<b>Activity 7:</b> Identify commercialization protocols at all 10 participating institutions	Work with campuses to identify commercialization protocols and enroll participants in SHARPhub	Continue to <u>encourage</u> CCBSE participants to enroll or take part in SHARPhub/I-Corps activities, work with campuses to identify commercialization protocols and enroll participants in SHARPhub/I-Corps	Updated campus commercialization protocols, as necessary, continue to encourage CCBSE participants to enroll in I-Corps activities, and assistance with IP disclosures	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Tschetter Co-leads: J. Mihelich; CCBSE leads, Pillar leads, and I-Corps coordinator; and other identified subject matter experts at all 9 CCBSE institutions
		In Spring 2022, meet with the ND SHARPhub/I-Corps coordinator to determine next steps				
<b>Activity 8:</b> Identify workshops / conferences to attend and mentoring opportunities (I-Corps, USPTO, SBIR, etc.	Identify initial workshops related to typical processes (e.g., NDSU and UND IP offices, Holly Gabriel, Patent and Trademark Searching) for participants to discuss IP	Continue to identify workshops related to typical processes for participants to discuss IP	Continued	Continued and host 1 CCBSE workshop or conference	Continued	Possible partners (ND entities): Campus Career Centers, Innovate ND, , NDSU EDA Makerspace, NDSU Ozbun Entrepreneurship Center, NHSC Applied Engineering Center, UND Center for

<b>Activity 9:</b> Based on other activities, determine potential funding possibilities with other I-Corps EPSCoR states	N/A	After Spring 2022 meeting with the SHARPhub/I-Corps coordinator and April 2022 EAB meeting, together with CCBSE and Pillar leads and the UND I-Corps coordinator/trainer to explore potential conversations with other EPSCoR states participating in SHARPhub	Begin conversations with other EPSCoR states with bioscience research agendas, including those that previously participated in SHARPhub	Based on conversations with other EPSCoR states, determine and engage in action items	Engage in action items and determine sustainable potential of action items	Innovation, local economic developers Lead: J. Tschetter Co-leads: J. Mihelich CCBSE leads, Pillar leads, and I-Corps coordinator/trainer; and other identified subject matter experts at NDSU and UND all 9 CCBSE institutions. Possible partners: EPSCoR offices
---	-----	--	---	---	--	---

<b>Across this Element</b>	<b>Milestone metrics for Partnerships and Collaborations Element</b>				
<b>Element</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>
Objective 6.1a	<u>Activity 1:</u> Baseline established	<u>Activity 1:</u> 20% increase in meaningful collaborations over prior year	<u>Activity 1:</u> 20% increase in meaningful collaborations over prior year	<u>Activity 1:</u> 20% increase in meaningful collaborations over prior year	<u>Activity 1:</u> 20% increase in meaningful collaborations over prior period
	<u>Activity 2:</u> N/A	<u>Activity 2:</u> Meeting the numbers outlined	<u>Activity 2:</u> Meeting the numbers outlined	<u>Activity 2:</u> Meeting the numbers outlined	<u>Activity 2:</u> Meeting the numbers outlined
	<u>Activity 3:</u> N/A	<u>Activity 3:</u> N/A	<u>Activity 3:</u> Meeting the number outlined	<u>Activity 3:</u> Meeting the number outlined	<u>Activity 3:</u> Meeting the number outlined
Objective 6.1b	<u>Activity 1:</u> Baseline established using CDAs, MTAs, other efforts (grant applications, etc.)	<u>Activity 1:</u> Increase in partnership engagement or partner activities over baseline - measured by the provision of valuable resources (as defined in 4.7, Tactic 2)	<u>Activity 1:</u> Increase in partnership engagement or partner activities over the prior year - measured by the increased provision of valuable resources	<u>Activity 1:</u> Increase in partnerships or partner activities over prior year and continued evidence of provision of valuable resources	<u>Activity 1:</u> Increase in partnerships or partner activities over prior year and continued evidence of provision of valuable resources
	<u>Activity 2:</u> Identification of Y2 support efforts	<u>Activity 2:</u> Increased engagement by meeting of prior year's	<u>Activity 2:</u> Increased engagement by meeting of prior year's identified	<u>Activity 2:</u> Increased engagement by meeting of prior year's identified	<u>Activity 2:</u> Increased engagement by meeting of prior year's

based on baseline data and determination of measures [# participants (if event), # of inquiries following communication effort, etc.]	identified support efforts	support efforts	support efforts	identified support efforts
<u>Activity 3</u> : N/A	<u>Activity 3</u> : Completed prospectus	<u>Activity 3</u> : Prospectus updated	<u>Activity 3</u> : Prospectus updated	<u>Activity 3</u> : Prospectus updated
<u>Activity 4</u> : N/A	<u>Activity 4</u> : Identify 3-5 opportunities, 1-3 of which are actionable	<u>Activity 4</u> : Identify 3-5 opportunities, 1-3 of which are actionable	<u>Activity 4</u> : Identify 3-5 opportunities, 1-3 of which are actionable	<u>Activity 4</u> : Identify 3-5 opportunities, 1-3 of which are actionable
<u>Activity 5</u> : >50% protocols identified	<u>Activity 5</u> : 100% protocols identified; Collaborative decision made regarding the handling joint IP and updated protocol document	<u>Activity 5</u> : Up to date protocol document and joint IP agreement	<u>Activity 5</u> : Up to date protocol document and joint IP agreement	<u>Activity 5</u> : Up to date protocol document and joint IP agreement
<u>Activity 6</u> : 50% identified	<u>Activity 6</u> : 100% identified	<u>Activity 6</u> : Survey developed and released	<u>Activity 6</u> : Survey results compiled	<u>Activity 6</u> : Results published
<u>Activity 7</u> : >50% protocols identified and 25% of participants enrolled in SHARPhub	<u>Activity 7</u> : 100% protocol identified	<u>Activity 7</u> : Updated protocol document, and 1 invention disclosure	<u>Activity 7</u> : Updated protocol document, 3+ invention disclosures, and 2+ provisional patents	<u>Activity 7</u> : Updated protocol document, 3+ invention disclosures, 2+ provisional patents, and 2+ patents
<u>Activity 8</u> : 1+ workshop or conference attended by >40% CCBSE participants	<u>Activity 8</u> : 1+ workshop or conference attended by >60% CCBSE participants.	<u>Activity 8</u> : 1+ workshop or conference attended by >75% CCBSE participants	<u>Activity 8</u> : 1+ workshop or conference attended by 75%+ CCBSE participants and 1 CCBSE workshop or conference attended by 80% CCBSE participants	<u>Activity 8</u> : 1+ workshop or conference attended by 85%+ CCBSE participants and 1 CCBSE workshop or conference attended by 80% CCBSE participants
<u>Activity 9</u> : N/A	<u>Activity 9</u> : N/A	<u>Activity 9</u> : List of action	<u>Activity 9</u> : States	<u>Activity 9</u> : 1-3

Across this Element	Anticipated Outcomes of Partnerships and Collaborations Element	
	Short-term (5 Years) (changes in knowledge or capacities)	Long-term (10 Years) (changes in actions or conditions)
	Goal 6.1a	Existing external collaborations become more meaningful; as evidenced by increased conference, journal, and proposal co-authorship among project participants, and between project participants and external organizations; joint working papers; regularly established interactions that may lead to the submission of an article/proposal, increased use of facilities and equipment (i.e., increased use of CCAST and CRC by MCU/PUI/TCU researchers [and internal collaborators]; and increased use of Extreme Science and Engineering Discovery Environment [XSEDE] by all participating institutions [an external collaboration]). New external collaborations are built to produce meaningful outcomes/impacts.
Goal 6.1b	Existing partnerships make more provisions of valuable resources (student internships, collaborative research opportunities, insight into needs and future direction of ND and regional industry [Inc. stakeholder advisory groups], sharing/commercialization of IP). New partnerships are built with an expectation of the provision of resources.	Sustained partnerships that positively impact North Dakota's economy.
Overall Outcomes	Impact beyond the project with partnerships and internships expanded by 50%.	Foster the ongoing development of a skilled, diverse workforce; positively impact state economy; supply research outcomes for growing/new bioscience ventures and partners; and open new research avenues.

### ***PROSPER Communication and Dissemination***

The ND-ACES- wide initiative of Communication and Dissemination keeps all stakeholders informed, supports the harmonious interactions of all ND- ACES groups, assists research and programmatic participants in disseminating their work to legislative, scientific, and citizen stakeholders, and develops materials for consumption by lay audiences. Team members include all senior personnel.

The team will increase awareness of the CCBSE's role in developing the state's bioscience ecosystem from education to economic diversification. The goal of this Pillar is outlined below and in detail, by year, in the corresponding table of milestone activities and metrics (Table 9).

This group's efforts link to ND-ACES tracks 1, 3, and 4 (which are adopted as the strategies for Partnerships and Collaborations) and integrate with CCBSE goals.

**Communication and Dissemination Element Goal 7.1:** Develop an elevated public understanding of the economic impact of growing North Dakota's bioscience sector through strategic research investments as a result of data-sharing, communication, and outreach.

- **Communication and Dissemination Element Objective 7.1a:** Provide clear communication between all participants.
- **Communication and Dissemination Element Objective 7.1b:** Inform and educate stakeholders.
- **Communication and Dissemination Element Objective 7.1c:** Contribute to a scientifically informed citizenry.



**Table 9. Communication and Dissemination Element Timelines of Activities, Milestones, Metrics, and Anticipated Outcomes**

PROSPER GOAL: Communication and Dissemination Element						
<p><b>Goal 7.1: Develop an elevated public understanding of the economic impact of growing ND’s bioscience sector through strategic research investments as a result of data-sharing, communication, and outreach.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Objective 7.1a: Provide clear communication between all participants</li> <li>Objective 7.1b: Inform and educate stakeholders</li> <li>Objective 7.1c: Contribute to a scientifically informed citizenry</li> </ul>						
Objective 7.1a	Specific milestones					Responsible parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Activity 1:</b> Facilitate communication through regular meetings	Attending monthly CCBSE meetings, leadership meetings, and bi-monthly PROSPER meetings	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND EPSCoR staff
<b>Activity 2:</b> Facilitate communication across the by providing updates	Providing team updates (monthly newsletter/web/social media), writing support for new funding	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND EPSCoR staff
<b>Activity 3:</b> Facilitate Communication by providing communication	Technical training in MS Teams provided for leadership on internal team communication. Annual evaluation of MS Teams based internal communication practices	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND EPSCoR staff
Objective 7.1b	Specific milestones					Responsible parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Activity 1:</b> Populate website and social media	Measure dissemination website/social media/newsletter	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND EPSCoR staff

with relevant public-facing content						
<b>Activity 2:</b> Assist team members from CCBSE and PROSPER with creating public-facing communication products	Offer individual consulting sessions for presentation preparation and PR/public dissemination strategies	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND EPSCoR staff
<b>Activity 3:</b> Disseminate project milestones and talking points to stakeholders and decision makers in the state	Press releases drafted for submission to regional/national news as well as NDUS PR offices. Talking points sent to key decision makers and legislators	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND EPSCoR staff

Objective 7.1c	Specific milestones					Responsible parties
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
<b>Activity 1:</b> Offer workshop opportunities for faculty and graduate students	Plan ND EPSCoR-sponsored communicating science workshop to develop better skills in disseminating their work/public engagement	Host ND EPSCoR-sponsored communicating science workshops to develop better skills in disseminating their work/public engagement	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND EPSCoR staff
<b>Activity 2:</b>	ND EPSCoR will	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND

Include public engagement opportunities as part of the annual conference	host an annual conference, provide skill-building resources to participants - *COVID-19 permitting					EPSCoR staff
<b>Activity 3:</b> Ensure that we have a diverse representation of science and scientists on website, to help engage all publics		Scoring by external evaluation firm's diversity rubric		Responsiveness to Y2 scoring		Lead: J. Walden, ND EPSCoR staff
<b>Activity 4:</b> Engage with local publics about the value and the benefits of the science	Support science cafes - *COVID-19 permitting	Continued	Continued	Continued	Continued	Lead: J. Walden, ND-ACES researchers

Across this Element	Milestone metrics for Communication and Dissemination Element				
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Objective 7.1a	<u>Activity 1:</u> Meeting attendance  <u>Activity 2:</u> At least monthly outreach to participants, stakeholders, and citizens  <u>Activity 3:</u> Training offered at least quarterly	<u>Activity 1:</u> Meeting attendance  <u>Activity 2:</u> At least monthly outreach to participants, stakeholders, and citizens  <u>Activity 3:</u> Training offered at least quarterly	<u>Activity 1:</u> Meeting attendance  <u>Activity 2:</u> At least monthly outreach to participants, stakeholders, and citizens  <u>Activity 3:</u> Training offered at least quarterly	<u>Activity 1:</u> Meeting attendance  <u>Activity 2:</u> At least monthly outreach to participants, stakeholders, and citizens  <u>Activity 3:</u> Training offered at least quarterly	<u>Activity 1:</u> Meeting attendance  <u>Activity 2:</u> At least monthly outreach to participants, stakeholders, and citizens  <u>Activity 3:</u> Training offered at least quarterly

Objective 7.1b	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> Same metric framework for all: Baseline established of interaction (engagement rate)</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> Needs research products; sessions begin in year two</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> 2+ press releases</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> ≥5% Increase in number of interactions per day divided by followers.</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 5 sessions per year completed</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> 4+ press releases; Updating stakeholders on project milestones (quarterly)</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> ≥5% Increase in number of interactions per day divided by followers.</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 5 sessions per year completed</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> 4+ press releases; Updating stakeholders on project milestones (quarterly)</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> Maintain engagement over the prior year.</p> <p>Maintain number of interactions per day divided by followers.</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 5 sessions per year completed.</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> 4+ press releases; Updating stakeholders on project milestones (quarterly)</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> Maintain engagement over the prior year.</p> <p>Maintain number of interactions per day divided by followers.</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 5 sessions per year completed.</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> 20 press releases over the 5-year period. Updating stakeholders on project milestones (quarterly)</p>
Objective 7.1c	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 2 workshops planned annually. Workshops begin year 2</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 2021 Annual conference with attendees from each of the participating campuses.</p> <p><u>Activity 4:</u> Science cafes planned annually. Science cafes begin year 2</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 40+% attendance by ND-ACES participants</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 2022 Annual conference with attendees from each of the participating campuses.</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> Scoring by external evaluation firm's diversity rubric</p> <p><u>Activity 4:</u> 1-2 science cafes supported</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 55+% attendance by ND-ACES participants</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 2023 Annual conference with attendees from each of the participating campuses.</p> <p><u>Activity 4:</u> 2 science cafes supported.</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 75+% attendance by ND-ACES participants</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 2024 Annual conference with attendees from each of the participating campuses.</p> <p><u>Activity 3:</u> Scoring by external evaluation firm's diversity rubric</p> <p><u>Activity 4:</u> 2-3 science cafes supported</p>	<p><u>Activity 1:</u> 90% of ND-ACES participants will have attended at least 1 workshop over the 5-year period</p> <p><u>Activity 2:</u> 2025 Annual conference with attendees from each of the participating campuses.</p> <p><u>Activity 4:</u> 2-3 science cafes supported</p>

Across this Element	Anticipated Outcomes of Communication and Dissemination Element	
	Short-term (5 Years) (changes in knowledge or capacities)	Long-term (10 Years) (changes in actions or conditions)
Goal 7.1a	Facilitate communication and collaboration across the research Pillars and broader impacts elements.	Contribute to a shared understanding across disciplines.
Goal 7.2b	Increase the awareness of the research that expands ND's bioscience research, capacity, and expertise.	Foster the ongoing awareness of the research that expands ND's bioscience research, capacity, and expertise.
Goal 7.3c	Engage the public in scientific research.	Contribute to a more scientifically informed citizenry.
Overall Outcomes	Communication and dissemination efforts will increase awareness of the role of the CCBSE in developing the state's bioscience ecosystem from education to economic diversification.	Develop a robust understanding of the importance of the communication of science among all participants and contribute to a more scientifically informed citizenry.

***PROSPER – Overall Summary***

As previously stated, the goal of PROSPER is to broaden the impact of the CCBSE within the jurisdiction. This goal will be accomplished through the successful completion of the Education and Workforce Development, Broadening Participation, Partnerships and Collaborations, and Communication and Dissemination metrics outlined above in Tables 6,7, 8, and 9. Additional CCBSE outcomes that will be obtained through the combined efforts of the PROSPER elements are outlined in Table 10.

**Table 10. PROSPER Overall Timelines of Activities, Milestones, Metrics, and Anticipated Outcomes**

PROSPER Broader Impacts: Overall					
Goal: Expand North Dakota's emerging biosciences capacity through a STEM-enabled, well-trained workforce and position ND-ACES as North Dakota's leading scientific and educational resource					
PROSPER Strategies	Specific milestones				
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Expand ND's biosciences capacity through a STEM-enabled, well-trained workforce	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development Element Y1 activities	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development Element Y2 activities	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development Element Y3 activities	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development Element Y4 activities	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development Element Y4 activities, metrics, and outcomes
Increase advanced scientific computing capabilities	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening Participation Element Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening Participation Element Y2 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening Participation Element Y3 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening Participation Element Y4 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening Participation Element Y5 activities, metrics, and outcomes
Broaden the participation and number of STEM undergraduate and graduate students	Successful completion of Broadening Participation Element Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Broadening Participation Element Y2 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Broadening Participation Element Y3 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Broadening Participation Element Y4 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Broadening Participation Element Y5 activities, metrics, and outcomes
Provide professional development to rural and tribal K-12 teachers and outreach to K-12 students	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening	Successful completion of Education and Workforce Development and Broadening

	Participation Element Y1 activities and metrics	Participation Element Y2 activities and metrics	Participation Element Y3 activities and metrics	Participation Element Y4 activities and metrics	Participation Element Y5 activities, metrics, and outcomes
Solicit industry-focused activities that build or expand on existing partnerships	Successful completion of Partnerships and Collaborations Element Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Partnerships and Collaborations Element Y2 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Partnerships and Collaborations Element Y3 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Partnerships and Collaborations Element Y4 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Partnerships and Collaborations Element Y5 activities, metrics, and outcomes
Create a suite of communication activities will engage, inform, and educate	Successful completion of Communication and Dissemination Element Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Communication and Dissemination Element Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Communication and Dissemination Element Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Communication and Dissemination Element Y1 activities and metrics	Successful completion of Communication and Dissemination Element Y1 activities, metrics, and outcomes

#### Overall milestone metrics for PROSPER

Meet annually with TCU presidents to report on the impacts of the collaboration efforts between CCBSE, PROSPER, and the TCUs. Report also on the numbers of American Indian students who are involved in ND-ACES programming	5
Meet annually with MCU and PUI presidents to report on the impacts of the collaboration efforts between CCBSE, PROSPER and those campuses. Report also on the numbers of their students who are taking advantage of the programming	20
Number of TCU visits (some of these visits will be virtual due to COVID-19)	20
Number of MCU and PUI visits (some of these visits will be virtual due to COVID-19)	20
Number of legislator visits	10
Number of annual conferences (some of these conferences will be virtual due to COVID-19)	5
Number of External Advisory Board meetings (some of these meetings will be virtual due to COVID-19)	10
Number of ND-ACES Management meetings (to be scheduled monthly)	60
Number of ND-ACES Leadership meetings (to be scheduled quarterly)	15
Number of ND-ACES All-Participant meetings (to be scheduled twice annually)	10
Number of CCBSE and PROSPER meetings (to be scheduled every other month)	25-30



Across PROSPER	Anticipated Outcomes of PROSPER	
	Short-term (5 Years) (changes in knowledge or capacities)	Long-term (10 Years) (changes in actions or conditions)
Meet PROSPER's Goal	Expand North Dakota's emerging biosciences capacity through a STEM-enabled and well-trained workforce. to broaden the impact of the CCBSE.	Effect sustainable engagement and position ND-ACES as North Dakota's leading scientific and educational resource.

**ND-ACES – Overall Impacts**

The jurisdictional impacts (listed in Table 11) of meeting the ND-ACES outcome metrics for CCBSE and PROSPER are to fulfill the mission of ND-ACES to contribute to cancer research in ways that have state, national, and international ramifications and underpin sustainable activities for a trained and diverse workforce and informed populace.

**Table 11. Jurisdictional Impacts**

Across ND-ACES Jurisdictional Impacts
North Dakota will become the Northern Plains leader in new and sustainable biosciences technology advances.
North Dakota will have a sustainable, competent, and diverse state biosciences and bio-technology workforce from A.A. through Ph.D.
North Dakota’s bioscience industry will have grown into a major economic sector with new partners, growing businesses, and expanded workforce opportunity.

## RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

During the Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats (SWOT) Analysis Meetings (synchronous and asynchronous) and the Strategic Planning Meeting, senior personnel were asked to consider all potential risks to the ND-ACES project and associated consequences. This exercise also included the consideration of three NSF-facilitator driven scenarios related to COVID-19: 1) back to normal, 2) some hybrid between back to normal and continued restrictions, and 3) full restrictions (i.e., virtual). A description of the SWOT analysis meetings and strategic planning meeting schedules/overview are included in Appendix E.

Table 12 summarizes the deliberations around normal risks (those that ND-ACES would need to address independent of COVID-19). Risks specifically associated with COVID-19 are listed in Table 13.

**Table 12. Normal Risk Mitigation Matrix**

No.	Potential Risks	Consequences	Impact	Likelihood	Mitigation
1	Team is very large and diverse with many complex collaborative tasks to complete in a limited time-frame.	Delay in meeting ultimate project goals.	High	Medium	Redesign/adjust composition of project; project leadership to communicate frequently with project management about concerns impacting project success. All senior personnel have adopted our Collaboration Agreement (Appendix C).
2	Cyberinfrastructure resources are not equal on all campuses and in all communities.	Barrier to collaborative work.	Medium	High	Work with the TCUs, MCU, and PUIs to develop additional accessibility options and alternative lines of access whenever necessary.
3	Obstacles inevitable in our complex research plan that will require the team to be very adaptable.	Barrier to collaborative work.	Medium	Low	Quarterly review process will identify areas in need of attention/change. Mitigating strategies will be developed, in conjunction with our program officer, as necessary.
4	Interruptions in ND-ACES activities due to COVID-19.	Potential to halt all activities.	High	High	Multi-scenario mitigation plan developed and updated quarterly or as events change, in conjunction with our program officer, as necessary
5	Inability to recruit new faculty hires.	Reduced expansion into new areas of materials science. Inability to meet this programmatic condition.	High	Low	Revisit and revise the hiring plan (Appendix D), addressing whatever the cause for failure. If the failure is the inability (e.g., financial) to complete the hire, then the mitigation plan might be to turn to one of the other campuses to see if one of them can complete the hire or return to negotiation with our program officer if no hire is

					possible
6	Decline or discontinuation of state support during the 2021, 2023, or 2025 legislative sessions.	Decline in the ND EPSCoR state cash commitment.	High	Low	Turn to the RUs to provide the required match.
7	A researcher becomes unable to contribute to project due to illness, overload, or departs university.	Unable to meet Metrics.	Medium	Medium	Shift work to another peer investigator, hire an additional investigator through a seed grant proposal; or initiate a new faculty search for a replacement, if needed and possible.

**Table 13. COVID-19 Scenario Planning**

Scenario	Implications	Impact	Likelihood	Mitigation
New normal	Project activities continue without accommodations.	Low	Medium	Conform to institutional safety protocols.
Some hybrid between back to normal and continued restrictions	Potential slowdown of research, outreach, and education occur in a hybrid model.	High	Medium to High	In-person research and outreach will conform to institutional safety protocols. Research - It may be necessary to limit the number of people allowed in lab spaces at one time, augmented cleaning protocols, increase work on virtual platforms, etc. Each activity and circumstance will be evaluated by co-leads on a case-by-case basis as required. Accommodations will seek consistency across campuses if possible; alternatively, work may be shifted from one campus to another if possible and necessary to keep the project on pace. Outreach – it may be necessary to develop online/virtual activities that students can do at home. Summer 2020 NATURE programs will be used as a template for the creation of virtual outreach activities.
Full restrictions (i.e., virtual)	Outreach in person is not possible; restricted access to facilities impedes research.	High	Medium	Research – activities may be postponed or modified to occur remotely; use of core services may be outsourced on a fee-for-service basis. Frequent communication with our program officer will occur. Outreach – online/virtual activities that students can do at home will be developed. Summer 2020 NATURE programs will be used as a template for the creation of

				virtual outreach activities.
--	--	--	--	------------------------------

## SUCCESSION PLAN

The NSF Track 1 award to the North Dakota jurisdiction is administered by NDSU under the Office of Research and Creative Activity. Colleen Fitzgerald serves as the Vice President for Research and Creative Activity. Jolynne Tschetter is the ND EPSCoR Executive Director.

John Warford, a member of the North Dakota University System State Board of Higher Education, chairs the ND EPSCoR Steering Committee. ND ACES leadership staff are also located at both UND (Co-PI: John Mihelich, Interim Vice President for Research and Economic Development) and NDSU (Executive Director: Jolynne Tschetter, ND EPSCoR).

Management Structure: The NDSU PI (Fitzgerald) and Co-PI (Mihelich), together with the ND EPSCoR Executive Director (Tschetter), will oversee the implementation of ND-ACES. They will work with the subawardee/campus PIs and the ND-ACES leads/co-leads to ensure timely execution of project components and delivery of outcomes and outputs. The ND EPSCoR unit coordinates project management, data gathering for reports, and global event planning. The leads/co-leads ensure that the strategic priorities of the cooperative agreement are met.

Succession Plan: The purpose of the Succession Plan (Table 14) is to ensure that the leadership and management of the program are in place for the duration of the project. The succession plan will be reviewed and updated annually.

**Table 14. Succession Plan**

Position	Strategies for Succession
PI/PD	Replacement of the NDSU PI will be by the NSDU President and/or Vice President for Research and Creative Activity. Once a replacement has been identified, a formal “change of PI” request will be made to NSF. Once the change is approved by NSF, the replacement will shadow the PD/PI who is leaving for as long as possible prior to the PD/PI’s departure date.
Co-PIs	Co-PIs will inform the PD/PI as soon as possible that they will be leaving his/her position. Replacement of the UND Co-PI will be by the UND president and/or Provost. Replacement of the NDSU Co-PI/PA (Project Administrator) will be identified by the PD/PI. Once a replacement has been identified, a formal “change of Co-PI” request will be made to NSF.
CCBSE Leads	Each RU has designated a lead. Thus, the other assumes the full CCBSE leadership role during any planned or unplanned absences of the other campus CCBSE Lead. In the event that the absence is greater than onemonth (but less than five months), a second interim campus lead will be named by the PD/PI in consultation with the Co-PIs and the remaining CCBSE Lead. If a CCBSE Lead leaves his/her institution, a new campus Lead will be selected either from the pool of Pillar Leads or through an internal campus search.
CCBSE Pillar and PROSPER Section/Element Leads	Each CCBSE Pillar has designated a lead from each RU. Thus, the other assumes the full Pillar leadership role during any planned or unplanned absences of the other campus Pillar Lead. In the event that the absence is greater than one month, a second interim Pillar lead will also be named by the PD/PI in consultation with the Co-PIs and the other Pillar leads. If a Pillar Lead leaves his/her institution, a new Pillar Lead will be selected either from the faculty pool within the Pillar or through an internal campus search.

Benchmark/Activity Leads	Succession planning is not an issue as most benchmarks/activities have two individuals named for backup and collaboration between the campuses; however, in the event that the individuals named are from different campuses, the project research cluster members will assist with collaboration efforts. In the instances where just one benchmark/activity lead is named, the component lead for that portion of the project will name an interim benchmark/activity lead.
--------------------------	---

## APPENDIX A – ND-ACES PERSONNEL, TEAMS, EXTERNAL ADVISORY BOARD, AND ND EPSCoR STATE STEERING COMMITTEE

Research Universities	PUI/MCI	TCU
North Dakota State University	Dickinson State University (DSU)	Cankdeska Cikana Community College (CCCC)
University of North Dakota	Mayville State University (MaSU)	Nueta Hidatsa Sahnish College (NHSC)
	Minot State University (MiSu)	Sitting Bull College (SBC)
		Turtle Mountain Community College (TMCC)

ND-ACES Personnel and Roles			
PI/PD and Co-PIs (meets every two weeks)			
Last Name	First Name	ND-ACES Role	Institution
Fitzgerald	Colleen	PI/PD; Lead: Partnerships & Collaborations	NDSU
Mihelich	John	Co-PI; Co-Lead: Partnerships & Collaborations	UND

Senior Personnel			
Last Name	First Name	ND-ACES Role	Institution
Allard	Austin	Materials Researcher; NATURE Coordinator	TMCC
Bergstrom	Aaron	UND Cyberinfrastructure	UND
Bobylev	Mikhail	Materials Researcher	MISU
Cakir	Deniz	UND Lead: Computational	UND
Combs	Colin	Cellular Researcher	UND
Condry	Danielle	NDSU EWD Lead	NDSU
Dhasarathy	Archana	UND Lead: Cellular	UND
Du	Guodong	Materials Researcher; Cellular Team Liaison	UND
Fries	Marcus	Computational Researcher	DSU
Galt	Nicholas	Cellular Researcher	VCSU
Haage	Amanda	Cellular Researcher	UND
Hartman	Kerry	Cellular Researcher; NATURE Coordinator	NHSC
Heidinger	Britt	Broadening Participation	NDSU
Hoang	Khang	NDSU Cyberinfrastructure	NDSU
Hoffmann	Mark	CCBSE Co-Lead; Computational Researcher	UND
Hossain	Khwaja	Materials Researcher	MaSU
Katti	Dinesh	NDSU Lead: Computational	NDSU
Katti	Kalpana	CCBSE co-lead and Materials; Cellular Researcher	NDSU
Kilina	Svetlana	Computational Researcher	NDSU
Kim	Jiha	Cellular Researcher	NDSU
Kjelland	Michael	Materials Researcher	MaSU
Le	Trung Bao	Computational Researcher	NDSU
Liu	Lu	Computational Researcher	NDSU
Loh	Yen Lee	Computational Researcher	UND

López-Martínez	Giancarlo	Lead: Broadening Participation	NDSU
Mackey	Hollie	Lead: PROSPER; Broadening Participation	NDSU
Mallik	Sanku	NDSU Lead: Materials	NDSU
Momsen	Jennifer	Education and Workforce Development	NDSU
Monplaisir	Lisa	Lead: PROSPER; Education and Workforce Development	NDSU
Navarro	Rachel	Lead: EWD	UND
Ndiva Mongoh	Mafany	NATURE Coordinator	SBC
Parker	Mike	Materials Researcher	CCCC
Quadir	Mohiuddin (Mohi)	Materials Researcher	NDSU
Selvakumar	Prakash	Materials Researcher; ND-ACES new faculty	NDSU
Summers	Ryan	EWD Researcher	UND
Sui	Binglin	Materials Researcher; ND-ACES new faculty	UND
Voels	Brent	Materials Researcher; NATURE Coordinator	CCCC
van Gijssel	Hilde	Cellular Researcher	VCSU
Walden	Justin	Lead: Communication	NDSU
Wilkinson	John	NDSU Lead: Cellular	NDSU
Xia	Wenjie	Computational Researcher, Materials Team Liaison	NDSU
Yellavajjala	Ravi	Computational Researcher	NDSU
Zhao	Julia	UND Lead: Materials	UND
Tschetter	Jolynne	Executive Director, ND EPSCoR	NDSU

<b>ND EPSCoR Staff and other personnel</b>			
<b>Last Name</b>	<b>First Name</b>	<b>Role</b>	<b>Institution</b>
Hellman-Tangen	Becky	Budget Manager – ND EPSCoR	NDSU
McNeil	Sheridan	Director, Tribal Partnerships – ND EPSCoR	NDSU
Puppe	Mark	Communications Manager – ND EPSCoR	NDSU
Tschetter	Jolynne	Executive Director – ND EPSCoR	NDSU
Wahlberg	Kathy	Programs Coordinator – ND EPSCoR	NDSU
Dusek	Nicholas	Cyberinfrastructure	NDSU
Apostal	David	Cyberinfrastructure	UND

<b>Management Team</b> (meets monthly)			
<b>Last Name</b>	<b>First Name</b>	<b>ND-ACES Role</b>	<b>Institution</b>
Fitzgerald	Colleen	PI/PD; Lead Partnerships & Collaborations	NDSU
Mihelich	John	Co-PI; Co-Lead Partnerships & Collaborations	UND
Tschetter	Jolynne	Executive Director	NDSU
Katti	Kalpana	CCBSE NDSU Lead	NDSU
Hoffmann	Mark	CCBSE UND Lead	UND
Mackey	Hollie	PROSPER Co-Lead	NDSU
Montplaisir	Lisa	PROSPER Co-Lead	NDSU



Navarro	Rachel	Lead: EWD	UND
Condry	Danielle	Lead: EWD	NDSU
Dhasarathy	Archana	Lead: Cellular Systems Pillar	UND
Wilkinson	John	Lead: Cellular Systems Pillar	NDSU
Cakir	Deniz	Lead: Computational Approaches Pillar	UND
Katti	Dinesh	Lead: Computational Approaches Pillar	NDSU
López-Martínez	Giancarlo	Lead: BP	NDSU
Walden	Justin	Lead: Communication and Dissemination	NDSU
Mallik	Sanku	Lead: Materials Design Pillar	NDSU
Zhao	Julia	Lead: Materials Design Pillar	UND
Ndiva Mongoh	Mafany	NATURE Coordinator	SBC
Voels	Brent	Materials Researcher; NATURE Coordinator	CCCC
Hossain	Khwaja	Materials Researcher	MaSU
van Gijssel	Hilde	Cellular Researcher	VCSU

<b>Other ND-ACES Teams</b>	
All Participant Teams	Meets twice annually
CCBSE Research Team	Meets monthly
CCBSE Research Pillar Operational Teams	Each Pillar team meets monthly
PROSPER Team	Meets every other month

<b>ND-ACES External Advisory Board</b>			
<b>Name</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Institution/Company</b>	<b>Location</b>
Marc D. Basson, M.D., Ph.D., M.B.A., F.A.C.S.	Senior Associate Dean for Medicine and Research Professor of Surgery, Pathology, and Biomedical Sciences	UND School of Medicine & Health Sciences	Grand Forks, ND
Rajendra K. Bordia, Ph.D.	George J. Bishop, III Professor of Ceramic and Materials Engineering, Department of Materials Science and Engineering, College of Engineering, Computing and Applied Sciences	Clemson University	Clemson, SC
James Brown, Ph.D.	President of Research Grade Nucleic Acids	Aldevron	Fargo, ND
Annalies Corbin, Ph.D.	President & CEO	The Past Foundation	Columbus, OH
Lucy Fredericks	Director, Indian/Multicultural Education	Department of Public Instruction	Bismarck, ND
Venkata Indurthi, Ph.D.	Chief Scientific Officer	Aldevron	Boston, MA
<b>VICE CHAIR:</b> Sinan Keten, Ph.D.	Associate Professor of Civil & Environmental Engineering, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering, and Director of Graduate Studies in Mechanical Engineering	Northwestern University	Evanston, IL
David Pearce, Ph.D.	President of Innovation and Research	Sanford Research	Sioux Falls, SD

<b>CHAIR:</b> Candan Tamerler, Ph.D.	Associate Dean of Research, School of Engineering Wesley G. Cramer Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering	The University of Kansas	Lawrence, KS
Daniel M. Tuvin, MD FACS	Surgical Oncologist	Sanford Health	Fargo, ND

<b>ND EPSCoR State Steering Committee</b>			
<b>Name</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Institution/Company</b>	<b>Location</b>
<b>CHAIR:</b> John Warford, DDS	Member	NDUS State Board of Higher Education	Bismarck
<b>VICE CHAIR and TCU Representative:</b> Twyla Baker, Ph.D.	President	Nueta Hidatsa Sahnish College	New Town
<b>Commerce Representative:</b> Josh Teigen		ND Dept. of Commerce	Bismarck
<b>DPI Representative:</b> Steve Snow	Assistant Director	ND Dept. of Public Instruction (DPI)	Bismarck
<b>Industry Representative:</b> Megan Gelinske	Independent Consultant	Bio Tech	Fargo
<b>Legislative Representative:</b> Jerry Klein	State Senator	District 14	Fessenden
<b>Legislative Representative:</b> Corey Mock	State Representative	District 18	Grand Forks
<b>Legislative Representative;</b> Merrill Piepkorn	State Senator	District 44	Fargo
<b>Legislative Representative;</b> Vicky Steiner	State Representative	District 37	Dickinson
<b>PUI/MCU Representative:</b> Andre DeLorme, Ph.D.	Professor and Chair, Science Department	Valley City State University	Valley City
<b>RU Research Representative:</b> Chris Nelson, Ph.D.	Associate Dean and Associate Professor, Graduate School	University of North Dakota	Grand Forks
<b>RU Research Representative:</b> Susan Sell, Ph.D.]	Dean, Graduate and Interdisciplinary Studies	North Dakota State University	Fargo
<b>RU Research Park Representative:</b> Jan Sobolik	Associate Director	North Dakota State University	Fargo
<b>RU Research Park Representative:</b> Amy Whitney, Ed.D.	Director, Center for Innovation	University of North Dakota	Grand Forks

## APPENDIX B – 2020 STRATEGIC PLANNING PROCESS AND TIMELINE

<b>Date</b>	<b>Activity</b>
5/27	Collaboration Plan CCBSE Subgroup Session
5/28	Collaboration Plan PROSPER Subgroup Session
6/15	EPSCoR RII Track-1 Strategic Planning Webinar with NSF, PI, Co-PIs, CCBSE Leads, and ND EPSCoR Communication Manager
6/18	Full Collaboration Plan Session
6/29	Initial Strategic Planning Meeting Preparatory Meeting with NSF Facilitator, PI, Co-PIs, and ND EPSCoR Communication Manager
6/30	Researcher Preparatory Meeting with NSF Facilitator and ND-ACES Leadership Team
7/14	All-Hands Introductory Meeting and SWOT Analysis Synchronous Meeting
7/29-7/31	Strategic Planning Meeting with NSF Program Officer, NSF Facilitator, and External Evaluator (The Mark, USA)
8/14	Initial Drafts of CCBSE Pillar and PROSPER Element Implementation Sections Due from Leadership Team to ND EPSCoR
8/21	Initial Draft of Full Strategic Plan due back to Leadership Team and External Evaluators
9/1	Initial Full of Strategic Plan due from Leadership Team to ND EPSCoR
9/14	Final Draft of Full Strategic Plan due back to Leadership Team and External Evaluators
9/21	Final Full Strategic Plan due from Leadership Team to ND EPSCoR for final editing and formatting
10/1	Strategic Plan due to NSF

## APPENDIX C – GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS

<b>CCCC</b>	Cankdeska Cikana Community College, Fort Totten, ND
<b>CCBSE</b>	Center for Cellular Biointerfaces in Science and Engineering
<b>CI</b>	Cyberinfrastructure
<b>DoE</b>	Department of Energy
<b>DSU</b>	Dickinson State University, Dickinson, ND
<b>HPC</b>	High-Performance Computing
<b>MaSU</b>	Mayville State University, Mayville, ND
<b>MinSU</b>	Minot State University, Minot, ND
<b>NATURE</b>	Nurturing American Tribal Undergraduate Research and Education
<b>ND-ACES</b>	New Discoveries in the Advanced Interface of Computation, Engineering, and Science
<b>NDSU</b>	North Dakota State University, Fargo, ND
<b>NHSC</b>	Nueta Hidatsa Sahnish College (formerly Fort Berthold Community College), New Town, ND
<b>PROSPER</b>	PRomoting Sustainable Partnerships in Education and Research
<b>PUIs</b>	Primary Undergraduate Institutions
<b>REU</b>	Research Experience for Undergraduates
<b>RII</b>	Research Infrastructure Improvement
<b>SA</b>	Sunday Academy
<b>SBC</b>	Sitting Bull College, Fort Yates, ND
<b>TCUs</b>	Tribal Colleges and Universities
<b>TMCC</b>	Turtle Mountain Community College, Belcourt, ND
<b>UND</b>	University of North Dakota, Grand Forks, ND
<b>VSCU</b>	Valley City State University, Valley City, ND

## **APPENDIX D – PROGRAMMATIC TERMS AND CONDITIONS - HIRING PLAN**

NSF Jurisdiction Specific Terms and Conditions: Hiring of Faculty and other Key Personnel: The PI is responsible for ensuring that participating institutions follow through recruiting and securing all proposed hires of faculty and other key personnel as established by the original project proposal, any award conditions, or the approved RII Track-1 Strategic Plan. Any changes require prior NSF EPSCoR approval. The annual or final report must report on the status of faculty (and other key personnel) hires.

### **Background**

Both RUs have research foci in health (biosciences/biomedical) and infrastructure (data analytics/societal infrastructure).

- NDSU's commitment to health-related bioscience includes the recent hiring of seven faculty in biomedical engineering-sensors and 3D printing; materials/ mechanobiology; computational biology; cancer biology; polymer science; and; computational chemistry (the last two were hired under the 2014-2021 NSF Track-1 [INSPIRE-ND]). NDSU has also invested in the Center for Computationally Assisted Science and Technology (CCAST), increasing its footprint, procuring additional equipment, and recruiting a research facilitator (FY18).
- UND has also committed to hiring in the biosciences/biomedical arena, with plans to hire up to six research-intensive computational faculty with expertise in data analytics, machine learning (ML), artificial intelligence (AI), and deep learning. UND's School of Medicine has invested in the growth of cellular expertise through three recent hires in cancer cell biology and the establishment of a clinical and translational research center (IDeA; Dakota Cancer Collaborative on Translational Activity, which also includes NDSU). UND has also hired faculty in integrative systems biology and computational materials chemistry and recently expanded its Computational Research Center(CRC).

To fill the gap identified in state investments to meet the vision of becoming the Northern Plain's leading scientific and educational driver in new and sustainable biosciences technology advances, ND-ACES incorporates the recruitment and hiring of two materials faculty, one at NDSU and one at UND.

### **Recruiting and Hiring Plan**

NDSU and UND will conduct national searches for the two tenure-track faculty members. It is anticipated that each hire will be at the assistant professor level.

NDSU: The new faculty hire (depending on the background of the selected candidate) may fit within one of several colleges: Engineering; Science and Mathematics; or Agriculture, Food Systems, and Natural Resources. Thus, a cross-disciplinary search committee will be selected to include faculty from each of these colleges and CCBSE researchers. The position will be advertised nationally and internationally, on the NDSU web page, within targeted scientific societies, and through directed emails and letters to chairs and faculty in the targeted research groups and others as well as relevant listservs.

The committee will filter applications to select a top tier list of candidates (approximately 10-12) for phone/video conference interviews. Three or four candidates will be selected as finalists for on-campus (or virtual) interviews. These interviews will take place over two days. The candidates will meet with college/department faculty, students (undergraduate and graduate), the chairs of the departments in which the faculty may fit, and deans of the three colleges. In addition, each candidate will present a public research seminar as well as teach a class lecture

pertinent to the materials area (the class will be determined by the search committee). NDSU has made a significant effort to recruit a diverse faculty including members from underrepresented and underserved groups.

The NDSU faculty search will begin in fall 2021. It was originally planned to have the new faculty member in place in year two. However, COVID-19 (and the financial implications) shifted this search to the fall of year two. The intent is for the new faculty to join the team at the beginning of year three.

UND: The new faculty hire will be recruited to join the Department of Chemistry in the College of Arts & Sciences. The position in materials science will contribute to the broad area of synthetic- biological chemistry applications and focus on the development of soft-tissue-like material. The new position will strongly complement the department's existing expertise in synthesis and modeling such systems and biomedical applications. This ties in directly to the department's emphasis on biomaterials for transformational health related applications.

The faculty search will follow standard practices for hiring tenure-track faculty at UND and practice within the Department of Chemistry. Since one goal is for the position to collaborate with faculty from the Department of Biomedical Sciences in the School of Medicine & Health Sciences, the search committee will include at least one member from that department. Per UND practice, the position will be widely advertised, posted on the UND website, and distributed through relevant listservs and professional groups. UND has made concerted efforts to recruit strong and diverse candidate pools and will do so in this process. The committee will review applicants and select a small group of candidates to progress through a phone/virtual interview and further narrow the group to candidates invited for an in-person or virtual campus visit. The intent is to commence the search in year one and have the new faculty member in place at the beginning of year two.

UND hired Binglin Sui, Assistant Professor, Chemistry. His contract begins August 1, 2021.

## **Mentoring Plan**

New faculty members at all participating institutions and other faculty members wishing to participate, will be mentored by CCBSE personnel and by faculty within his or her department or college. Each new faculty member will receive an orientation to the CCBSE or PROSPER research programs, their goals, and expected outcomes from the CCBSE or appropriate PROSPER Leads; be included in the regular team meetings; and; meet with other team members to identify collaborations as a means to integrate them into CCBSE's or PROSPER's efforts. Each faculty hire will develop an academic strategic plan that is aligned to successful CCBSE research and their programmatic research agenda.

Monthly mentoring sessions throughout each academic year will include topics such as grant writing, graduate student and postdoctoral recruitment, establishing collaborations, etc. will be available to these faculty. In addition to formal mentoring, senior faculty colleagues will aid each other in reviewing proposals and manuscripts and providing advice on issues of science and research. Each mentored faculty member will be expected to prepare a plan for their research, including goals, milestones, and collaborations with other CCBSE or PROSPER team members.

## APPENDIX E – SWOT ANALYSIS

During the SWOT Analysis Meetings which occurred synchronously on July 14, 2020, asynchronously throughout the month of July, and then during the Strategic Planning Meeting, senior personnel were asked to consider all potential risks to the project and associated consequences. This includes the consideration of three NSF-facilitator driven scenarios related to COVID-19: 1) back to normal, 2) some hybrid between back to normal and continued restrictions, and 3) full restrictions (i.e., completely virtual).

### ND-ACES SWOT Analysis

- Strengths Identified
  - Strong team with diverse and relevant expertise, an established track record of collaborative efforts, and confidence in and belief of the importance of the project
  - Access to expert technical resources
  - Solid research plan building on expertise and resources of team
  - Access to competent student pool
  - Increased opportunities for student participants
  - Team science approach to ensure the involvement of all Pillars
  - Institutions involved in project have good reputation in community/among stakeholders
  - All institutions have administrative buy-in
  - Centralized, experienced state EPSCoR office that handles a majority of the logistics
  - Cash match from the State of ND
  - One unified center will help to direct resources and guide sustainability efforts
  
- Weaknesses Identified
  - Team is very large and diverse with many complex collaborative tasks to complete in a limited timeframe – **see Risk Mitigation Plan #1**
  - Inability to maintain consistent research ties to TCU, MCU, & PUI faculty due to their full-time teaching schedules, travel distances, and weather
  - Technical resources are not equal on all campuses – **see Risk Mitigation Plan #2**
  - Obstacles inevitable in our complex research plan that will require the team to be very adaptable – **see Risk Mitigation Plan #3**
  - Few opportunities to expand diversity activities beyond American Indians and women
  - Inability to get time from RU industry engagement, intellectual property, research partners, and innovation center personnel
  - Social media accounts have low audience engagement/content
  - Limited experience among senior personnel in working under a cooperative agreement
  - With such diverse intuitions, communication regarding administrative deadlines can be complex
  
- Opportunities Identified
  - Discovery of new ways to conduct research and outreach due to COVID-19
  - Potential of ND-ACES to build research capacity, expand workforce, and stimulate industry growth in ND
  - Enhanced student and early career faculty opportunities
  - Potential to address today's research questions in this area
  - Increased focus on the importance of ND STEM's pathway

- Members of ND-ACES external advisory board are national level experts well versed in this arena who are poised to assist the team in their ultimate goal of sustainability
- New research subject matter to North Dakota; not commodity-based research, so chance to be received favorably by state's stakeholders
- Threats Identified
  - Interruptions in ND-ACES activities due to COVID-19 – **see Risk Mitigation Plan #4**
  - Inability to recruit new faculty hires – **see Risk Mitigation Plan #5**
  - Decline or discontinuation of state support during the 2021, 2023, or 2025 legislative sessions – **see Risk Mitigation Plan #6**
  - A researcher becomes unable to contribute to project due to illness or departs University – **see Risk Mitigation Plan #7**
  - Inability to recruit qualified students
  - Flooding shuts down campuses
  - New collaborative external proposals not funded
  - Cyberinfrastructure challenges limit distance options – **See Risk Mitigation Plan #2**
  - Limited local collaborative interest from individuals and public and private entities
  - Financial implications that may result due to COVID-19
  - New research subject matter to North Dakota; not commodity-based research, so chance to be received unfavorably by state's stakeholders

### **COVID-19 Impacts from Asynchronous SWOT meeting: Identified Threats**

- **Threat 1**
  - The uncertainty COVID-19 creates. Normally I know what the semester looks like and how much time things take but right now nothing is sure and I do not know what is going to happen in the fall which makes incorporating research more complicated. Will I have time to properly supervise the students in their research?
  - Faculty are still working on reopening plans for the fall
  - Right now, it is uncertain how much research we can do in the fall semester.
  - Balance between teaching and research duties. Current reopening plans require more time for teaching preparation and execution.
  - Time and class schedules will be the biggest challenge and will affect how flexible faculty can be.
    - Addressing Threat 1: The senior personnel have gained experience with online academic, research, and outreach activities during the 2020 spring/summer, which will serve the project team well as we implement ND-ACES.
- **Threat 2**
  - Research slowed in late spring but has returned to a level approaching normal through the summer. Graduate students are coordinating with each other so that their time in the lab overlaps as little as possible. With no teaching activities to worry about this scheduling approach has been manageable. Lack of clarity about makes short term planning for when the summer ends a challenge.
  - The time each student can work in the lab is somewhat limited as we try to minimize overlaps between students.
  - Potential to completely stop this research - cannot be done remotely at all.
  - Potential slowdown of research due to the limited time of students and access to the core facilities.
  - Can we do experiments, period. If we close the university like we did in March



- experiments cannot be performed.
- Access to buildings and materials in case we get another stay in place order. If the institution is closed can we keep the cell cultures going?
- If TCU campuses and/or K-12 schools are closed because of the virus, will we be able to do outreach online?
- Teaching can be flexible online - cell culture cannot,
  - Addressing Threat 2: Until a dependable treatment or vaccine is available, we can prevent uncertainty. For example, the university may have to implement a stay at home order that may move into spring making research impossible. That will affect the 5-year plan. Thus, a quarterly review should be implemented with decisions based on all the available data; including scenarios for when students cannot be on campus. **See Risk Mitigation Plan #4.**
    - Some experiments currently planned to use core services may be outsourced on a fee-for-service basis
    - What are the alternatives to performing experiments and creating valuable experiences?
    - Need to acknowledge that progress on these projects may have to halt completely
- **Threat 3**
  - COVID-19 and the visa issues are restricting access to new graduate students for those of us that don't have one to take on this project yet. Many graduate students will not be here to start in the fall.
    - Addressing Threat 3: A quarterly review should be implemented with decisions based on all the available data; including scenarios for when students cannot be on campus. **See Risk Mitigation Plan #4.**
- **Threat 4**
  - The state of childcare or K-12 schools will directly impact the work some are able to do.
    - Addressing Threat 4: Senior personnel will work with their Pillar/ PROSPER leads as needed.
- **Threat 5**
  - What is the protocol if the students involved get COVID-19 or if they need to quarantine because a classmate/roommate/friend is infected?
    - Addressing Threat 5: A quarterly review should be implemented with decisions based on all the available data; including scenarios for when students cannot be on campus. **See Risk Mitigation Plan #4.**
      - Use additional PPE such as masks and face shields and develop a cleaning protocol of lab spaces. Research can continue as planned except for access to core facilities. Create a protocol for social distancing with students
      - Use PPE and social distancing during outreach activities.
      - Determine PPE need, and stock in advance knowing shipping and timing limits, Limit the number of people allowed in lab spaces at one time, increase cleaning protocol, increase work on virtual platforms as able, increase times lab spaces/tools are open and available for use
- **Threat 6**
  - Determine PPE needs, keep a close eye on the situation and pre plan for the worst-case scenario to make sure everyone has enough supplies. Make sure to order now, rather than waiting until no supplies are available. Implement everything mentioned in B and C - but also determine safety of continuing research in lab space
  - If TCU campuses are closed for September and October, should we postpone

NATURE Sunday Academies and hope that campuses will be open starting in November or should we offer the September and October Sunday Academies online?

- Addressing Threat 6: TCU campuses are closed and NATURE Sunday Academies have been postponed. ND EPSCoR's Tribal Colleges/Universities and NATURE Manager and the Sunday Academy Co-Coordinator are working with the TCU NATURE Coordinators to bring this program entirely online. ND EPSCoR and the TCU NATURE Coordinators did this for the 2020 TCU Summer Camps, 2020 Bridge Camp, and 2020 University Summer Camp. Participants in those camps gave the online activities good reviews
- **Threat 7**
  - Consider alternative suppliers if reagent acquisition becomes a challenge.
    - Addressing Threat 7: Decision of each participant
- **Threat 8**
  - Given COVID-19 and the complications it brings, is it too early to ask for a supplement to achieve our original goals and seize the opportunities presented? For example, we will have to allow for the fact that we will not be able to gather people (easily) in large groups and will need to find ways to enable people to participate from their homes or local safe spots.
    - Addressing Threat 8: Quarterly budget reviews will address operational changes in the event that budget line items cannot be used. **See Risk Mitigation Plan #4.**

SWOT category	Identified Asset to Leverage	Area of Impact	Action to Leverage Asset	Responsible Parties	Timeline
Strength	Team Science approach	All	The development and continued reflection on and improvement of the collaboration plan	All participants	Immediate implementation, on-going revising
Strength	Strong team with diverse and relevant expertise, an established track record of collaborative efforts, and confidence in and belief of the importance of the project	All	Participate a networking baseline at the beginning of the project to engage in continuous improvement of collaboration across institution and specialty	All participants	Immediate baseline gathered, ongoing continuous improvement process, networking survey given annually
Strength	Access to expert technical resources	All	Networking with Computational Research Center for UND and CCAST at NDSU	Computational Approaches Pillar	Networking is on-going
Strength	Solid research plan building on expertise and resources of team	CCBSE	Research Pillars will meet and collaborate monthly, research Pillar have assigned liaisons	Materials Design, Cellular Systems, Computational Approaches Pillars	Research meetings occur monthly
Strength	Access to competent	All	Active recruitment	EWD, All	Mentoring,

	student pool		and retention efforts	participants	recruitment, and retention efforts are an on-going effort
Strength	Increased opportunities for student participants	All	Active recruitment and retention efforts	BP, All participants	Implementation efforts are on-going
Strength	Institutions involved in project have good reputation in community/ among stakeholders	All	Connect to established networks, engage in cross-institution communication and public relations strategies	Communication and Dissemination	Develop baseline
Strength	All institutions have administrative buy-in	All	All institutions engage in ongoing collaboration	All participants	On-going, all participant institutions responsive to situational change
Strength	Centralized, experienced state EPSCoR office that handles a majority of the logistics	All	Retention of existing staff, workflow prioritization of ND-ACES participant logistics	NDSU	On-going
Strength	Cash match from the State of ND	All	Leverage existing relationships with legislators and prioritize legislative outreach	NDSU	On-going efforts, focused efforts leading up to legislative sessions
Strength	One unified center will help to direct resources and guide sustainability efforts	All	All researchers meet monthly to discuss resources, collaborate, and address sustainability efforts	CCBSE	Monthly CCBSE research team meetings
Opportunity	Discovery of new ways to conduct research and outreach due to COVID-19	All	Contingency planning, tolerance of ambiguity, and responsiveness	All participants	On-going, all participants are responsive to situational ambiguity
Opportunity	Potential of ND- ACES to build research capacity, expand workforce, and stimulate industry growth in ND	All	Bi-monthly PROSPER meetings and monthly research team meetings	All participants	Regularly collaborate across specializations on ND-ACES
Opportunity	Enhanced student and early career faculty opportunities	CCBSE	Student recruitment to interdisciplinary graduate programs, graduate students collaborate with	Education and Workforce Development	on-going

			PUIs and Tribal Colleges and Universities		
Opportunity	Potential to address today's research questions in this area	CCBSE	Collaboration Between researchers leading to new avenues of scientific exploration and discovery, new partnerships with outside organizations	CCBSE, Partnerships and Collaborations	on-going
Opportunity	New research subject matter to North Dakota; not commodity-based research, so chance to be received favorably by state's stakeholders	All	Connect with stakeholders regularly to assess engagement	C. Fitzgerald, J. Mihelich	On-going
Opportunity	Increased focus on the importance of ND STEM's pathway	PROSPER	Regular outreach to K- 16 stakeholders	PROSPER participants, all	On-going
Opportunity	Members of ND- ACES external advisory board are national level experts well versed in this arena who are poised to assist the team in their ultimate goal of sustainability	All	Frequent collaboration with ND-ACES external advisory board members	C. Fitzgerald, J. Mihelich	embedded in project
Weakness	Multi-location project separated by large physical distances can make informal interaction difficult	Communication and Dissemination	Adoption of a unified communication and collaboration platform for ND-ACES	J. Walden	Immediate implementation, on-going technical support
Weakness	Team is very large and diverse with many complex collaborative tasks to complete in a limited timeframe	All	Administrative use of a unified communication and collaboration platform	J. Walden	Immediate implementation, on-going technical support
Weakness	Inability to maintain consistent research ties to TCU, MCU & PUI faculty due to their full-time teaching schedules, travel distances, and weather	TCU/PUI/MCU	Collaboration agreement and adoption of a unified communication and collaboration platform	J. Walden, all participants	Immediate implementation, on-going technical support, on-going revisions
Weakness	Technical resources may not be equal on all campuses	All	On-going awareness of funding opportunities to support endeavor	A. Bergstrom,, K. Hoang	On-going
Weakness	Obstacles inevitable in our complex research plan that will require the team to be very	CCBSE, research Pillars	Monthly research team meetings	K. Katti, M. Hoffmann	Immediate implementation of monthly research team

	adaptable				collaboration meetings
Weakness	Few opportunities to expand diversity activities beyond American Indians and women	PROSPER	More research opportunities for TCU faculty, TCUs need SPOs	PROSPER; all participants	Once baseline is defined
Weakness	Inability to get time from RU industry engagement, intellectual property, research partners and innovation center personnel	Partnerships and Collaborations	Determine cause and develop action plan, for example, if interns cannot be placed due to COVID-19, determine whether interns are able to be placed with other partners	C. Fitzgerald, J. Mihelich	Once baseline is defined
Weakness	Social media accounts have low audience engagement/ content	Communication and Dissemination	Focus on social media platforms that are most important to our organization and most relevant to the public we serve to effectively manage online communities	J. Walden,; all participants	Once baseline is defined, audit annually
Weakness	Limited experience among senior personnel in working under a cooperative agreement	All	Improve productivity by providing administrative implementation support	All participants	On-going
Weakness	With such diverse intuitions, communication regarding administrative deadlines can be complex	Communication and Dissemination	Adoption of a unified communication and collaboration platform for ND-ACES	J. Walden, all participants	Immediate implementation, on-going technical support
Threat	Interruptions in ND-ACES activities due to COVID-19	All	Develop, implement and regularly updated multi- scenario mitigation plans	All participants	Develop multi-scenario mitigation plan immediately and update continuously
Threat	Financial implications that may result due to COVID-19	All	Be aware of funding opportunities to support endeavors	Administration	On-going
Threat	Inability to recruit new faculty hires	CCBSE, Research Pillars	Increase recruitment and retention efforts, develop new virtual approaches	All participants	Develop multi-scenario mitigation plan immediately and update continuously

Threat	Decline or discontinuation of state support during the 2021, 2023 or 2025 legislative sessions	All	Leverage existing relationships with legislators and prioritize legislative outreach	C. Fitzgerald, J. Mihelich	On-going
Threat	A researcher becomes unable to contribute to project due to illness or departs university	CCBSE, Research Pillars	Development of clear succession and recruitment plans	All participants	Immediate plan development, on-going revision as necessary
Threat	Inability to recruit qualified students	CCBSE, Research Pillars	Develop, implement and regularly updated multi- scenario mitigation plans	All participants	Immediate plan development, on-going revision as necessary
Threat	Spring river flooding shuts down campuses	All	Develop, implement and regularly updated multi-scenario mitigation plans	All participants and their institutions	On-going plan development and revision
Threat	New collaborative external proposals not funded	All	On-going awareness of funding opportunities to support endeavor	All participants	On-going
Threat	Inability to keep data secure	All	Work with technical experts on the project within Computational Research Center for UND and CCAST at NDSU	All participants	On-going
Threat	Limited local collaborative interest from individuals and public and private entities	Communication and Dissemination	Plan coordinated communication and public relations campaigns	J. Walden,	On-going
Threat	Cyber- infrastructure challenges limit distance learning options	All	Work with technical experts on the project within Computational Research Center for UND and CCAST at NDSU	A. Bergstrom, K. Hoang	On-going
Threat	New research subject matter to North Dakota; not commodity-based research, so chance to be received unfavorably by state's stakeholders	All	Leverage existing relationships with stakeholders and prioritize outreach	C. Fitzgerald, J. Mihelich	On-going